By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian



Located at 106 North Carpenter Avenue, this residence was built for James MacNaughton, the superintendent of the Chapin Mine, in 1898-1899 on the site originally occupied by the Ludington Mining Company superintendent's house. When the MacNaughtons left in June 1901 Otto Conrad and Charlotte Sargent (Dickinson) Davidson became the new residents. In 1945 the residence was acquired from Mrs. Davidson and became the Chippewa Club, named for the Chippewa, the famed Milwaukee Road high speed engine which originally operated between Chicago and Iron Mountain. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]

[NOTE: Dates, placed chronologically, are highlighted in boldface red letters for easier reading, and names of individuals and places are highlighted in boldface black letters to facilitate finding information.]

The 91st installment of Menominee Range Memories, a series of articles by William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation historian, now available on the Dickinson County Library's

website, is titled "Downtown Iron Mountain – Carpenter Avenue."

History of 106 North Carpenter Avenue: The original house on this site was occupied by the Ludington Mining Company's General Manager Robert Bankes and was probably constructed in the early 1880s. This structure was sold to Thomas Penglase, a miner at the Chapin Mine and later a mechanic, in August 1898 and moved to 401 East A Street, where it still stands in 2024.

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

James MacNaughton was promoted to assistant superintendent of the Chapin Mine in May 1890. He was promoted to general superintendent of the Chapin Mine in **March** 1892. In early August 1898 plans for new residence for а MacNaughton, the Chapin Mining Company's were general manager, announced.

D. Fred Charlton, а Marquette architect, was hired to design the new house which originally included a formal entrance, parlor, sitting room, dining room and kitchen on the first floor; five bedrooms on the second floor; and three or four rooms used as servants' quarters on the third floor. The formal staircase was lit by a stained-glass window leading from the entrance to the second floor, while a back stairway was used by the servants to get to all three floors. Four fireplaces boasting finely-carved mantels and ceramic tiles surrounding the hearth openings were included - one in the parlor and another in the sitting room on the first floor and two fireplaces in second-floor bedrooms. The house had finely fitted oak woodwork and paneling, as well as ornate brass hardware on the doors.

Outside extensive gardens were maintained, mainly to the south of the house. In addition, there were numerous outbuildings, including a two-lane bowling alley, stable and carriage house. During the Davidsons' tenancy shuffleboard courts and one of the first in-ground swimming pools in the city were installed.

The MacNaughtons had hardly settled into their new home when the **Chapin Mining Company** was sold to the newly formed **National Steel Company** on **July 28, 1899**. MacNaughton was retained as general manager.

The Chapin Mining Company became a part of the United States Steel

Corporation when the National Steel Company was acquired in 1901. The Chapin Mine was then worked by the new corporation's subsidiary, the Oliver Iron Mining Company, and MacNaughton was appointed general superintendent of its Menominee Iron Range mines.

MacNaughton was offered the position of general superintendent of the Calumet & Hecla Mining Company in Houghton which he accepted, leaving Iron Mountain for Calumet on June 21, 1901. Conrad Davidson, MacNaughton's the successor, had been general superintendent of the Commonwealth Iron Company. Davidson married Charlotte Sargent Dickinson, daughter of William Edmund Dickinson, on April 10, 1889, in Norway, Michigan. Her father had been superintendent of the Commonwealth Mine in Florence County, Wisconsin, and was succeeded by her husband. Davidson's little brother, Willie Dickinson, was the victim of an infamous kidnapping which occurred on November 1, 1881, in Commonwealth, Wisconsin.

Otto Conrad Davidson died December 5, 1943, and Mrs. Davidson had put the house up for sale by late 1944.

The Davidson house was purchased January 10, 1945, by F. Albee Flodin and Martin D. Thomas for \$3,500. They sold the property to the Lake Shore Engineering Company which maintained ownership during the remodeling.

In **December 1946** the **Chippewa Club** purchased the property from Lake Shore. Immediately after the Chippewa Club was organized it became a private meeting place for representatives of various corporations and businesses who had contracts to let or other interests that could favorably affect the economy of the surrounding areas.

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian



This postcard view shows the **Chippewa Club** in the **late 1940s or early 1950s**, shortly after it was established. Note that part of the porch had been screened in. [William J. Cummings]

The Milwaukee Road Class F-1 Pacific #151 was one of two streamlined engines used for the Chippewa daily train that operated from Chicago, Illinois, to Iron Mountain, Michigan, with a stop in Green Bay, Wisconsin. The Chippewa Club took its name from this engine and provided a private place for businessmen to meet, eat and conduct business.

The main structural changes made to the Davidson house were outside. The entire front was changed, and a large bar was installed where the porch was located.

41: EAST SIDE OF THE 200, 300, 400, 500, 600 AND 700 BLOCKS OF CARPENTER AVENUE

When the club was first in operation meals were sometimes served on the screened porch. When the bar was installed in the porch area, the bar originally built in the former carriage room was removed, and the area was remodeled into the ladies' powder room. Other remodeling included the installation of a large, new kitchen. On the south end of the residence a dining room known as the Flodin Room was added, and there is also a large dining area in the middle.

History of 209: John Blackler, a miner, and Bissie [sic – Bessie] Blackler lived at this address in 1892-1894. There was no listing for this address from 1902 through 2000.

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History of 211: In 1892-1894 Philip Bender, "A resident of the city since 1882," worked as "a first-class barber" at 201 East Hughitt Street, advertising "All work done in an agreeable and satisfactory manner." Philip Bender resided at this address. There was no listing for this address from 1902 through 2000.

History of 213: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 2000.

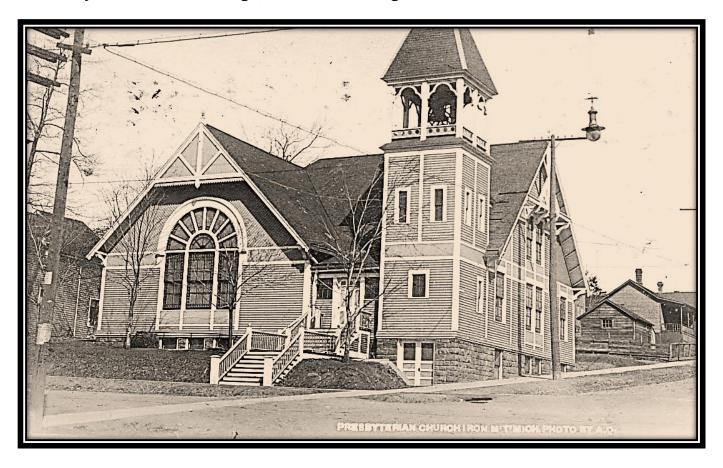
History of 223: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925. In 1935 Stanley's Greenhouse was

recorded at this address in the street index, but since the alphabetical listing appears in the Kingsford section of the 1935 directory as Stanley's Greenhouse, **Stanley A. Stanley**, proprietor, at 223 Carpenter Avenue, this would be South Carpenter Avenue and was not located here. [NOTE: Stanley's Greenhouse was purchased by Jerry and Mary Miller in the mid-1930s and became Miller Floral at this address in Kingsford.] Thus, there was no listing for this address from 1935 through 2000.



This postcard view, postmarked **September 2, 1930**, shows **Carpenter Avenue looking south**, taken **just north of the intersection with West Brown Street**. The west side of the **First Presbyterian Church** building, **200 West Brown Street**, is visible at the extreme right (west) side of Carpenter Avenue. The **Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church**, **118 West Brown Street**, was located on the left (east) side of Carpenter Avenue. Carpenter Avenue doesn't appear to be paved at the time this photograph was taken. [William J. Cummings]

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The First Presbyterian Church was constructed on the northwest corner of West Brown Street and Carpenter Avenue (200 West Brown Street) in 1885-1886. This postcard view, taken by Iron Mountain photographer Albert Quade [A.Q. in the identification] was mailed July 14, 1911. The building was destroyed by fire on October 22, 2013. [William J. Cummings]

As the population of the Village of Iron Mountain began spreading south of the mines, a group of Protestant Christians met in May 1884, to arrange for an evangelist to come to preach to them.

Following several informal meetings, evangelistic services were held in **Gospel Hall**, located on the southeast corner of Stephenson Avenue and East B Street.

These meetings culminated in a request to the **Presbytery of Lake Superior** for the organization of a **Presbyterian Church** which was consummated **December 2**, **1884**, by the **Rev. A.F. Ashley**, the **Rev. A.W. Bill** and the **Rev. H.F. Corry**.

In a column called "Range Items" in Escanaba's *The Iron Port*, dated **December 13, 1884**, *The Menominee Range*, Iron Mountain's newspaper, was quoted as follows: *A Presbyterian church has been organized and a pastor is wanted.*

In the same column in Escanaba's *The Iron Port*, dated **June 27**, **1885**, an item taken from *The Menominee Range* noted: *The Presbyterian society will build a church. About \$3,000 is their figure.*

The building of the church at **200 West Brown Street** on the northwest corner of the intersection with Carpenter Avenue began in

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May 1885, and was completed and occupied in January 1886.

The **Rev. Melvin Fraser** (1858-1936) was named pastor in **May 1885**, serving until **May 1886**, when he left for Africa as a missionary.

In a listing of churches in Iron Mountain, the following item appeared in *The Menominee Range* on **June 24**, **1886**:

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. REV. M. FRAZER [sic - FRASER]. Services in Gospel Hall. Sabbath services 10:30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School 2:15p.m. C.L. Anderson. superintendent. Tuesday evening prayer meeting. Wednesday evening Young Men's Improvement Society. Thursday [hour is blank]:30 p.m. People's Meeting. Friday 7 p.m. Bible Society, conducted by **R. Banks** [probably Robert Banks]. The ladies' prayer meeting is held on Wednesday afternoons at 4 o'clock, at the houses of members. railroad time.

The **Rev. Henry M. Tyndall** (1855-1943) succeeded the Rev. Fraser, preaching his first sermon in **May 1886**. He served as pastor until **July 1891**, when he was called to a mission in New York City.

Under the headline **Presbyterian Church Items** in the **February 4, 1892** edition of Iron Mountain's *The Iron Range*, it was noted:

The Presbyterian church of this city was organized about seven years ago. (Dec. 2, 1884) It has more than quadrupled its original membership. Eight of the fifteen charter members are still members. It has church property worth about \$6,000, and this nearly paid for. The church is very harmonious and its future hopeful.

During the pastorate of the **Rev. Donald Morrison** (1850-1925) from **1891** until **1898**, pews were purchased and a carpet laid.

The **Rev. Daniel C. Jones** (1867-1950) came to the city in **1899** and remained until

1901. During his stay, a furnace was installed and the church became self-supporting. During the pastorate of the **Rev. Frank P. Knowles** (1865-1937), the manse, which had been purchased during the time of Dr. Tyndall, was remodeled.

The Rev. William Roberts (1868-1939), who had been pastor of First Methodist Church while serving only part-time in the Presbyterian Church, was then named resident pastor of the latter church, which he served from 1910 until 1915. A new church roof was added during this period, shingles for which were contributed by Festus Clark **Cole** (1855-1938), owner of the **City Lumber Yard** and member. The "Every Member" canvass relieved the Ladies' Aid of obligations and enabled salary congregation to \$800 pay an debt. accumulated over a period of two years.

Coming to Iron Mountain in 1916, the Rev. Hugh John May (1885-1951) remained until June 1919, when the membership grew to 125. Dr. J. Frank [James Franklin] Young (1860-1953) was pastor from 1920 until 1921. Dr. Clifford Cully was named pastor-elect in 1922, but was never formally installed. The new manse was built under Dr. Young's leadership.

The **Rev. Alexander Clifford McMullen** (1866-1927) served during the rapid expansion of city and church from 1924 until he was killed in an accident on the Ford Railroad crossing on **March 11**, 1927. His able leadership helped increase membership from 140 to 296.

The **Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Upham McConaughy** (1894-1959) moved here from Stambaugh, Iron County, Michigan, in July and was installed in **September 1927**.

During his pastorate, the church was redecorated, and improvements were made in 1930. In 1937, growth began, and the congregation's 267 members increased to 480. The new entrance was built in 1939

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and the chancel, furnace room and north entrance were added in 1940. A new heating system was installed in 1942, when a new basement floor was laid and the dining room enlarged. The amplifying system and tower chimes were installed in 1947, as a war memorial.



The congregation of the First Presbyterian Church posed for this photograph in the late 1940s or early 1950s. [Dennis Fraker]

Though initial efforts for a new church were made in 1929, it was not until the purchase of a 3-acre site in 1953 on Hamilton Avenue in Kingsford's Ford Addition that any tangible progress was made toward a new building to house the growing congregation of the First Presbyterian Church.

In May 1955, the congregation voted by a substantial majority to build a new church. Much time and study were devoted before the Joint Boards of Elders and Trustees voted to utilize the facilities of the Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. to conduct the financial campaign.

Appropriate committees were appointed and the day of the campaign, May 26, 1957, brought an overwhelming response on the part of the congregation.

With the \$115,000.00 pledged during the campaign, tremendous enthusiasm resulted, and the "go-ahead signal" was given for the hiring of architect **Alfred Siewert** of Milwaukee in **April of 1957**. The groundbreaking for the new church was on **October 6, 1957**.

A week-long series of dedication services for the new First Presbyterian Church located at **395 Hamilton Avenue**, just east of Kingsford High School, were held between **October 12 and October 19, 1958**. By that time the congregation had grown to 525.

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After the First Presbyterian Church moved to the new building in Kingsford the building was sold. **Trico Opportunities, Inc.**, used the structure as part of a welfare workshop for a time in the **1970s**.

In 1983 the Pine Mountain Baptist Church occupied the building, remaining there until the 1990s.

Francie's Traditional Designs, an interior decorating firm, began operation there beginning in **about 2000**, offering residential and commercial interior design with a large selection of furniture, accessories, and home decor.

Francie's Traditional Designs was the occupant at the time of the fire on Tuesday, October 22, 2013, which destroyed the historic 127-year-old structure.



On June 3, 1907, the cornerstone for the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church, located at 118 West Brown Street on the northeast corner of West Brown Street and Carpenter Avenue, was laid. The new church (pictured on the right) was dedicated June 14, 1908, and this photograph probably dates to about that time. In November 1939 the church's name was changed to the Wesley Methodist Church. This building, vacant for many years, was razed under the direction of the Dickinson County Land Bank

Authority on **November 1, 2023**. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]



History of 301: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925. In 1935 the Standard Oil Company operated a filling station at this location. Lindy's Service Station, Elmer Lindberg, proprietor, was operating at this address by 1939, but in the 1941-1942 city directory Henning's Standard Service, operated by W. Person Henning, was located here. By 1946 Sammy's Service Station, owned by Samuel M. "Sammy" Abraham (1915-1968) and Sammy's Cab Service, also owned by Sammy Abraham, operated at this address.

By 1959 Rudy's Standard Service, operated by Rudolph William Lundholm, Jr. (1923-1996), was at this location, identified as Lundholm Standard Service from 1961 through 1985. In 1969 Hertz

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Rent-A-Car also operated from this address with Rudolph William Lundholm, Jr., agent.

Theodore H. "Ted" Hamm operated Hamm's Standard Service at this location from 1986 through 2000. The station was known as Hamm's Amco Service beginning

in 1991. In 1986 the station, open from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m., advertised "AMC" Road, brake service, tune ups and minor repairs, complete exhaust systems and repair, also Firestone Tire sales."



Rudolph William "Rudy" Lundholm, Jr. (1923-1996) owned and operated Lundholm's Standard Service on the southeast corner of Carpenter Avenue and West Ludington Street. This photograph was taken around the Christmas holidays in 1968 or 1969. [Sue (Lundholm) Wilson]

History of 301: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925. In 1935 the Standard Oil Company operated a filling station at this location. Lindy's Service Station, Elmer Lindberg, proprietor, was operating at this address by 1939, but in the 1941-1942 city directory Henning's Standard Service, operated by W. Person Henning, was located here. By

1946 Sammy's Service Station, owned by Samuel M. "Sammy" Abraham (1915-1968) and Sammy's Cab Service, also owned by Sammy Abraham, operated at this address.

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from 1961 through 1985. In 1969 Hertz Rent-A-Car also operated from this address with Rudolph William Lundholm, Jr., agent.

Theodore H. "Ted" Hamm operated Hamm's Standard Service at this location from 1986 through 2000. The station was known as Hamm's Amco Service beginning in 1991. In 1986 the station, open from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m., advertised "AMC" Road, brake service, tune ups and minor repairs, complete exhaust systems and repair, also Firestone Tire sales."

History of 401: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1946. By 1959 through 1966 Sammy's Pure Oil, a gasoline station owned by Samuel M. "Sammy" Abraham (1915-1968) was in operation at this address.

From 1967 through 1969 Machus Pure Oil, changed to Machus Union Oil from 1970 through 1972, was operated by Robert M. Machus. The business name changed to Machus Muffler Service under the same ownership from 1973 through 1975.

In 1976 John Henry Schaut (1917-2001) operated Johnnie's Muffler Service here. From 1977 through 1979 Michael J. McMahon operated Mike's Sixty-Six & Muffler at this address. In 1980 Mike's Sixty-Six & Muffler was operated by Mike Pollock.

In 1981 Ronald Lukesh operated Dickinson County Radiator Service here, and in 1982 Albert John "Al J." Rock (1915-1999) operated Rock's Auto Repair at this address. In 1984 and 1985 401 Carpenter Avenue was listed as vacant.

From 1986 through 1994 Brian Oikarinen operated Brian's Auto Repair at this address, specializing in "automatic transmission, tune-up, brakes, engine repair, exhaust, electrical, complete auto service." From 1995 through 1998 the business was

listed as Brian's Auto Sales & Service, Brian Oikarinen, owner.

In 1999 there was no listing for this address.

In **2000 Eagle Automotive** did business at this address, but no owner was listed.

History of 403: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925. By 1935 John M. Garvey (1860-1952) operated Wolverine Cleaners & Dyers at this location. In 1939 owners of the Wolverine Cleaners & Dyers were listed as Robert Leo Garvey (1903-1988) and Marion Louise (Garvey) Trottier (1906-1978), John M. Garvey's son and daughter, but in the 1941-1942 and the 1946 city directories John M. Garvey was again listed as the owner. By 1959 through 1974 Robert Leo Garvey (1903-1988) was listed as owner of Wolverine Dry Cleaners.

There were no listings for this address from 1975 through 2000.

History of 405: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913. However, by 1925 Edward J. Hammel Company, Edward John Hammel (1890-1955), proprietor, supplied "Plumbing and Heating" services with "Estimates and Plans Furnished." at this location.

By 1935 the Paul Electric Company, owned by Lawrence J. Paul (1904-1983), offered "Frigidaires, Maytag Washers and Ironers, Radios, Electrical Appliances" at this address. Lawrence J. Paul and his wife Angeline M. (Valentine) Paul (1909-2003) also lived here. There was no listing for this address in 1939, but the 1941-1942 city directory again listed the Paul Electric Company, Lawrence J. Paul, owner, here, where he still lived with his wife Angeline Paul. Paul Electric Company was listed again in 1946 under the same ownership.

By 1959 through 1964 Albin R. Becking operated the Maytag Appliance Company here. In 1964 Gene's TV & Radio Service,

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owned by **Eugene M. Dziewiontkoski** also did business at this address.

In 1966 and 1967 the Maytag Appliance Company was operated by Albin R. Becking and Lawrence J. Paul, providing "electric appliances, sales and service; Maytag Products, RCA Victor radios and TV, Philco Refrigerators and Monarch and Philco ranges, Hoover sweepers, O.A. Smith heaters." From 1969 through 1971 only Albin R. Becking was listed as the owner of the Maytag Appliance Company. Gene's TV & Radio Service under the same ownership continued to operate from this address from 1966 through 1970.

Renters included Kim D. Colenso, 1977-1978; Victoria S. Contarini (1911-2002), 1974-1988; Patricia M. Heisenfeldt, 1972-1976; Mrs. Dorothy H. Kaminski, 1970-1990; Donald A. Legault, 1967; Stella Panich, 1966-1971; Randy Proudfit, 1979; Fanny E. Puro, 1966-1969; Dean A. Ruohomaki, 1980. From 1991 through 1993 apartments were listed as vacant.

In 1972 the Oien Kitchen Mart, owned by Frank Donald "Gooch" Oien (1925-2011) provided "electrical appliances, sales and service; Maytag products, Philco TV, stereo and radios; Philco refrigerators, Philco and Monarch ranges; Hoover sweepers, A.O. Smith heaters" at this address.

There was no listing for 405 Carpenter Avenue from 1994 through 1998.

In 1999 and 2000 Harold S. "Joe" Mitchen (1937-2017) and Irene Mae (Herzog) Mitchem (1941-2002) were listed as providing residential care/childcare. There were three apartments, but only two residents were listed: Andrew J. Pelletier, 1999; Daryl B. Ruohomaki, 1999-2000; and Cindy L. Jacobson, 2000.

History of 407: Thomas Trathen, a miner, resided at this address in 1892-1894. By 1902-1903 Joseph Bell, a laborer, lived here.

Recorded as the residence of Mrs. E. Kent on the street index, those living at this address in 1907-1908 according to the alphabetical listing were Albert John Kent (1888-1959), a teamster, Annie Kent [Anna Alma "Annie" (Vincent) Kent (1867-1943)] and Estelle Kent, a student. Anna Kent, widow of Edwin R. Kent, resided here with daughter Estella Kent [Estella (Kent) Schupham], a bookkeeper, in 1913.

Ernest Bond, a painter and decorator, operated two shops in 1925, one at 407 Carpenter Avenue and the other at 412 Carpenter Avenue.

Bailey & Sigler (Dr. Bertram M. Bailey and Dr. Hugh R. Sigler), physicians, had their offices at 407 Carpenter Avenue in 1925.

In 1935 Bond Decorating Company, managed by Ernest Bond, was still located at this address, advertising that the company dealt in "Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Printers [sic – Painters'] Supplies" and did "Paper Hanging and Painting." Joseph Record, a salesman, and his wife Edna Record also lived at this address in 1935, probably on the second floor. Bond Decorating Company was still operated by Ernest Bond here in 1939 and was listed at the same address under the same ownership in the 1941-1942 city directory.

Walter Franklin "Bud" Martini (1913-1994) was listed at this address in the street directory in 1941-1942, but his name was not found in the alphabetical index. Walter Martini and Lawrence J. Paul (1904-1983) resided here in 1946. From 1959 through 1976 Walter F. and Lorraine Martini resided at this address. Lorraine (Bond) Martini was a sister of Ernest Dayton "Bugs" Bond (1924-1989).

From 1959 through 1987 Bond's Paint Store/Bond's, operated by Ernest Dayton "Bugs" Bond, Jr. (1924-1989) conducted business at this address. From 1984

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through 1987 William R. Bond managed Bond's Decorating and was the proprietor from 1988 through 1990 at this location.

In 1991 and 1992 there was no listing for this address.

From 1993 through 1996 Susan Reiten operated Sugar Daddy's Confectionery & Gifts here.

Occupants of the upstairs apartments were: Harold S. "Joe" Mitchem (1937-2017) and Irene Mae (Herzog) Mitchem (1941-2002), 1995-1997; Susan Rogini [sic], 1995; Darryl Ruhomaki, 1995-1996; Wayne Ross, 1997; and Andrew J. Pelletier (See 405 Carpenter Avenue above.).

In 1997 Outsiders Inn was operated by Steve Rose, vice-president. In 1998 the address was listed as vacant and there was no listing in 1999 and 2000.

History of 409: In 1892-1894 Thomas Savour, a blacksmith, lived here. Joseph Gardner [sic - Gardiner] (1847-1930), a wagonmaker, was located at this address in 1902-1903. Recorded in the street index as the residence of Louis Gardner, the alphabetical listing for 1907-1908 showed Louis Gardiner, who worked in a round house for a railroad company, lived here with Gardiner. student. **Emma** а Gardiner, who worked in a livery barn, and Joseph Gardiner, a carpenter, and his wife Felmen Filomena Elizabeth [sic (Porrier)] Gardiner (1868-xxxx).

In **1913 William John Beard** (1867-1949), a miner, and his wife **Sophia Jane** (Beard) Rundle Beard (1858-1921) lived at this address.

There was no listing for this address from 1925 through 2000.

History of 411: C.L. Raymond ran a bakery at this address, also residing here in 1892-1894. In 1902-1903 Raphael Manelli, a laborer, lived at this location. Recorded in the street index as the residence of Mrs.

Peter Murry, Pete Murray, working for the railroad, was found living here with his wife Sophia Murray in the alphabetical listing in 1907-1908, as was Sol Peters, a paper hanger, and his wife Laura Peters. I. Suceny was also recorded as living at this address in the street index in 1907-1908 but was not found in the alphabetical listing. However, John Sweeney, a cruiser, was listed as living at this address in 1907-1908.

By **1913 William John Beard** (1867-1949), a blacksmith, and his wife **Sophia Jane (Beard) Rundle Beard** (1858-1921) lived at this address.

There was no listing for this address in 1925.

By **1935 Johnnie's Service Station**, operated by **John Fauri**, offered "Gasoline and Lubricating Oils, Auto Accessories, Battery Service" at this location.

By 1939 Gordon's Texaco Station, operated by Gordon A. Schultz, was located here, but in the 1941-1942 city directory the business was listed as Hank's Service Station, managed by Henry Joseph Dessereau (1896-1961). By 1946 Hallenbeck's Service Station operated by Raymond Leland Hallenbeck (1898-1952) was located at this address.

By **1959** the **Zero Cab Company**, operated by **Jack Bernard Larson** (1928-1977) and **Wayne Arthur Goulette** (1934-1990) provided "24-hour cab service radio dispatched; 24-hour wrecker service; airport limousine service." In **1961** Jack B. Larson was the sole owner. In addition to the Zero Cab Company, Larson operated **Larson's 24 Hour Marathon**, a gasoline station.

From 1964 through 2000 brothers Raymond Fred Cerasoli (1935-xxxx) and Joseph G. Cerasoli operated Cerasoli Motors, auto repair, at this location. From 1996 through 1999 the business operated as Cerasoli Motors, Inc., with Raymond F. Cerasoli, president, and Joseph G. Cerasoli,

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secretary-treasurer. In 2000 Raymond G. Cerasoli was listed as president and Joseph G. Cerasoli served as manager.

History of 503: There was no listing for this address from **1892-1994 through 1975**.

In **1976** Raymond C. **DePotie** operated **Ray's Auto Sales**, selling "quality used cars, "16 years' experience to serve you."

The site was listed as "vacant" in 1977 and 1978 and was occupied by Laurence C. Oliver-Pellegrini (1927-2011) in 1979. In 1980 and 1981 the site was again listed as "vacant" and there was no listing from 1982 through 1984.

From 1985 through 1987 David A. Giannunzio (1947-2017) operated G & H Auto Sales, "best buys in town; you won't beat our prices" at this location. In 1988 Giannunzio's business was listed as Stop Light Auto, used cars. In 1989 Scott Edlund operated Superior E Auto Sales, marketing used cars and trucks.

In 1990 Raymond DePotie, Jr., operated R & R Auto Sales at this address and also sold used cars at 600 North Stephenson Avenue. From 1991 through 1993 Cindy Hirn operated R & R Auto Sales Super Clean, car cleaning, at this location.

In **1994 Lawrence Gerasch** ran **Northern Water Treatment** at this address.

In 1995 and 1996 this site was listed as "vacant."

From 1997 through 1999 Brian H. Anderson, president, operated Superior Bagels. The business was still listed in 2000, but no owner was given.

History of 505: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1946.

By 1959 Bob's Zephyr, a gasoline station managed by Bob Langer, operated at this site. In 1961 David H. Forcey operated Forcey's Zephyr Service here.

From 1963 through 1966 Dean R. Constantineau (1935-xxxx) managed Dean's Zephyr Service at this address.

From 1967 through 1970 Louis Joseph Antonini (1920-2008) managed Carpenter Avenue Zephyr Service. In 1971 and 1972 Mrs. Gertrude Mae (Christnagel) Antonini (1920-2005) and Daniel C. Antonini ran this service station.

There was no listing in 1973, and the site was listed as "vacant" from 1974 through 1976. There was no listing for this address from 1977 through 1982.

In **1984 David A. Giannunzio** (1947-2017) and **Richard W. Hartwell** (1950-2020) operated **G & H Auto Sales** here.

There is no listing for this address from 1985 through 2000.

History of 605: This address was listed as "vacant" in 1935, and there was no listing for this address again in 1939 or 1941-1942.

Born in Coleman, Marinette County, Wisconsin, in 1901, Henry Joseph "Romeo" Rocheleau (1901-1993), son of Azaire Joseph Rocheleau (1873-1948) and Arzelie (Robitaille) Rocheleau (1873-1958), moved to Iron Mountain with his family as a child. Romeo was only eight years old when he mixed his first batch of bread dough for his baker father, who owned and operated the Model Bakery on 204 West Hughitt Street by 1913.

Romeo served in the U.S. Navy during World War I.

After working 17 years for other bakers, Romeo opened the Home Bakery in 1932.

According to the 1935 city directory, Romeo H. Rocheleau [Romauld Henry Joseph "Romeo" Rocheleau (1901-1993)] had a bakery at 604 Carpenter Avenue and also lived at this address with his wife Ernestine E. (Fox) Rocheleau (1904-1940) in 1935.

This was a part of the building known as McKinney Flats, 600-610 Carpenter Avenue, later the DeGayner Flats. [See entries below for those addresses for more information.]

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

On Thursday morning, May 14, 1931, the McKinney Flats building experienced a devastating fire which severely damaged the building which then housed the Iron Mountain Gas Company, Em's Pasty Shop, Stomberg's Self Serve Grocery, Allyn's Dress and Hat Shop and the O'Connor's Bake Shop.

The rebuilding of the **McKinney Flats** to a one-story high structure was announced in the Tuesday, **June 2, 1931** edition of *The Iron Mountain News*. The article noted:

With the exception of the bakery shop, which occupied the West B street store site, all of the former business places in the structure have applied for quarters.

It also stated: The Iron Mountain Gas company will utilize all of its former space and the added site vacated by the O'Connor bakery shop. Others who are expected to go back into the building are Ivan Stromberg, grocer, and Allyn's Hats and Dresses.

It may be that Romeo occupied the location previously filled by **Em's Pasty Shop**, opening in 1931 or 1932. The damage listed in the May 14, 1931 article for the pasty shop was:

Em's Pasty Shop, \$1,500 insurance on the shop and \$500 on the furniture in the apartment above; estimated damage, \$2,000.



The **Home Bakery**, owned and operated by **Romuald Henry Joseph "Romeo" Rocheleau** (1901-1993) from **1931 through the summer of 1964**, was finally located at **605 Carpenter Avenue** (in the above photograph) after **1946** and by **1959**. [Thomas P. Rocheleau]

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian



This colored postcard view, copyrighted in 1951, shows the Rocheleau Home Bakery Service bus in the parking area at the landing area of the Pine Mountain Ski Jump. Romeo Rocheleau had two former street transit buses converted into mobile pasty concession stands which were used at agricultural fairs and other special events. During the summer Rocheleau had a pasty stand on Highway US-2 which passed through Iron Mountain. In 1962 the Home Bakery sold 4,000 to 5,000 pasties weekly in the summer when tourists were traveling through Iron Mountain and when the local people wanted pasties for home or for family picnics. [William J. Cummings]

From 1931 through the summer of 1964
Romeo owned and operated the Rocheleau
Home Bakery. By 1935 the bakery was
located at 604 Carpenter Avenue, and also
was the Rocheleau family's residence. By
1939 the Home Bakery was listed at 610
Carpenter Avenue, the southern end of the
rebuilt McKinney Flats building, and was
still listed as the Home Bakery at 610
Carpenter Avenue in 1946. By 1959 the
Home Bakery was listed at 605 Carpenter
Avenue.

The Cornish miners brought with them their favorite recipes for the pasty, which in some respects resembles the meat pie. The mixture of cubed meat and vegetables, baked in a pastry wrapper, was ideal for the underground miner's dinner pail. Baked in the early morning by the miner's wife, the pasty would remain hot for several hours. If need be, it could be reheated on the "miner's stove," which was merely a pick shovel held over a couple of candles.

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

However, it remained for **Romeo Rocheleau**, a baker of French descent, to commercialize the Cornish miner's delicacy.

In **1962** the **Home Bakery** sold 4,000-5,000 pasties weekly during the summer when tourists were travelling through Iron Mountain.

The **Home Bakery** ceased operations in the **summer of 1964**.

From **1964 through 1989** Romeo was employed by several bakeries in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and then returned to Iron Mountain upon retirement.

The site was listed as "vacant" from 1964 through 1967.

There was no listing from 1968 through 2000.

History of 611: In **1892-1894 W.L.** Gould, a lumberman, and Cora Gould, a music teacher, lived at this address. The Rusky Brothers (Samuel Rusky and Julius Rusky) operated The London Store at 215 South Stephenson Avenue, selling general merchandise, and resided here in 1902-In 1907-1908 the Rusky Brothers 1903. (Samuel Rusky and Julius Rusky) still operated their department store at 215 South Stephenson Avenue, and still lived here with their wives - Minnie Rusky, the wife of Julius Rusky, and Ester [sic - Esther] **Rusky**, the wife of Samuel Rusky.

By 1913 Albert Peter "Bert" Van Laanen (1866-1913), who operated a saloon at 529 South Stephenson Avenue, resided at this address with his wife Victoria (Rochon) Van Laanen (1876-1953). Mrs. Victoria Van Laanen, widow of Albert P. Van Laanen, still lived here in 1925 together with Anne Mary Haves (Van Laanen) (1906-1984), Antoinette student. Van Laanen. stenographer, and Joseph H. Van Laanen (1908-1957), a clerk at Cudlip's Drug Store. In 1935 Victoria Van Laanen, widow of Albert P. Van Laanen, remained at this address with **Eleanor Van Laanen**, a bookkeeper at the Iron Mountain Home Furniture Company at 108 East Ludington Street, and Joseph H. Van Laanen, a salesman at the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company at 300 Carpenter Avenue.

The 1935 directory lists the Hotel Mountain, operated by Abe Raskin, as being located to the south side of Mrs. Van Laanen's home. The Hotel Mountain was advertised as "A Home Away From Home," and was located "One Block West of St. Paul Depot" on the east side of Carpenter Avenue between West B Street and West C Street."

In 1939 Mrs. Victoria Van Laanen, widow of Albert P. Van Laanen, was again listed here, as was Eleanore [sic] Van Laanen, an employee at the Sears Associated Store at 110 East Ludington Street, and Joseph H. Van Laanen, an employee at the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company at 200 West Hughitt Street. The 1941-1942 city directory still listed Mrs. Victoria Van Laanen and Joseph H. Van Laanen, a salesman at the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company, as residing at this address, as well as Arthur J. Hayes [sic - John Arthur Hayes] (1900-1972) a pattern maker at the Ford Motor Company, and his wife Anne Haves. In 1946 Victoria Van Laanen and Arthur J. and Mary Ann Hayes [sic - Anne Mary (Van Laanen) Hayes] still lived at this address.

From 1959 through 1961 the address was listed as "vacant" and there was no listing from 1963 through 1965.

In 1966 the site was listed as "under construction, and from 1967 through 1973 the Auto Washette, a self-service carwash owned by Alvio Dominic Antonini (1927-2013) operated here. The name was changed to Downtown Carwash under the same ownership in 1974 and continued to operate through 2000. In 1988 the address was listed as 122 West C Street.

History of 701: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

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By 1925 M.J. Schenk & Company, Max J. **Schenk**, proprietor, operated a gas station offering "Oils, Gas, Tires Accessories, **Wadhams** Automobile Gasoline a Specialty." The M.J. Schenk Company, Max J. Schenk, proprietor, again advertised "Oils, Gas, Tires and Automobile Accessories," and was selling Gasoline" in 1935.

By 1939 the M. & D. Service Station, operated by Frank Francis Miller (1908-1981) and Michael James "Mike" DeFiore (1908-1957), was operating at this site and was still listed here in the 1941-1942 city directory.

By **1946** Oscar Rudolph Anderson (1897-1985) operated the Oscar Anderson Automobile Service at this address.

By 1959 through 1961 Richard Gagnon operated Dick's Motor Sales & Service here.

From 1963 through 1978 Gerald Arthur "Gerry" Rittenhouse (1926-2017) operated Gerry's Texaco Service, a gasoline station and used car lot, at 611 Carpenter Avenue. His son Allan J. Rittenhouse (xxxx-2016) was listed with his father as owner in 1977, and son and brother Francis A. Rittenhouse was added as part owner in 1978.

In 1979 the address was listed as "vacant."

From 1980 through 1985 Melvin James Martin (1936-2011) operated Mel's Texaco & Foreign Car Service, specializing in Toyota and Volkswagen service and repair. In 1982 through 1984 the business was listed as Mel's Phillips 66 & Foreign Car Service. In 1985 the listing was Mel's Foreign Car Service and Mel's Phillips 66.

From 1986 through 1990 Kevin Barglind managed the Firestone Service Center, offering a full line of automobile service and selling passenger car and light

truck tires, as well as **Firestone Phillips 66**, a gasoline station, at this address.

In **1991 Daniel J. Andreini** (1964-2012) sold truck accessories at **U.P. Custom Truck** here.

This site was listed as "vacant" from 1992 through 1996.

In 1997 and 1998 John C. Blomquist operated the Firestone Auto Tech Service Center here. The business was listed as the Auto Tech Service Center in 1999 and 2000 under the same ownership.

History of 705: Joseph Parry, a bookkeeper, lived at this address in 1892-1894, his name being recorded as Joseph

Perry in the street index. By 1902-1903 the name Mrs. Joseph Parry was recorded in the street index but was found in the alphabetical listing as Mrs. Joseph Perry, living here with Tracy Perry, a student.

There was no listing for this address from 1907-1907 through 2000.

History of 709: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1935.

By 1939 Alvin Peterson lived here with his wife Hellen [sic] Peterson, but there was no listing for this address from 1941-1942 through 2000.

History of 725: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1994 through 2000.

History of 805: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

Gathering information on the real photo postcard view on the next page has been challenging. The firm **Uren & Berg, Undertakers** is advertised on the glass on the store's door and the furniture store appears to be under the ownership of **L.H. Uren**, as seen on the window glass.

Uren & Berg, Undertakers were Henry J. "Harry" Uren (1884-1942) and Francis Gustaf "Frank" Berg (1872-1955).

Henry J. "Henry" Uren, the youngest child of John and Maryanna "Annie" (Sampson) Uren, was born September 15,

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1884, in Breitung Township, Menominee County, Michigan.

His father, **John Uren** (1838-1903), son of **Thomas and Caroline (Thomas) Uren**, was born **March 11**, **1838**, in Cornwall England, and died **May 19**, **1903**, in **Iron Mountain**. He worked as a drayman. At that time of his death, he was survived by five of his seven children.

His mother, Maryanna "Annie" (Sampson) Uren (1850-1917), daughter of Joseph or Josiah Sampson (1815-1879) and Amelia (Williams) Bennett Sampson (1826-1889), was born January 31, 1850, in Cornwall, England, and died August 11, 1917, in Iron Mountain.



Henry J. "Harry" Uren had a furniture store at 805 Carpenter Avenue by 1925, and the store was also listed at this address in 1935, 1939 and 1941-1942. By 1946, the proprietor of the Uren Furniture Store was Mrs. Henry Uren. The sign on the glass door panel in the above photograph lists Uren & Berg, Undertakers. The building reflected in the large glass windows was the Lincoln School at the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West F Street. [William J. Cummings]

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Amelia (Williams) Bennett Sampson was born in 1826 at St. Michael's Mount, Cornwall, England, daughter of John and Rebecca (Calf) Williams. She married a widower, Josiah Sampson, in 1846 in Phillack, Cornwall, England. The family immigrated to Houghton County, Michigan, in 1875, sailing on the Adriatic. Her name was incorrectly listed on the ship's manifest as "Mary".

Nine years after Josiah Sampson's death she married **Richard Bennett** in Powers, Menominee County, Michigan.

In the **1884** Michigan State Census, the family consisted of **John Uren**, 50, husband; **Annie**, 42, wife; **Albert**, 16, son; **Emily**, 14, daughter; **Susan**, 12, daughter; and **Henry**, 10, son.

Henry Uren, 33, married Flora C. (Grimord) Knutson, 41, on February 23, 1918, in Iron Mountain. Flora C. Grimord was born in 1876 in Rockland, Ontonagon County, Michigan. She died in 1953.

Her father, Eli Grimord, was born February 28, 1835, in Canada, and died March 9, 1914, in Iron Mountain. Her mother, Catherine, was born November 25, 1840, in Alsace, Department de la Meuse, Lorraine, France, and died March 28, 1926, in Iron Mountain.

According to the 1905-1906 city directory Henry Uren worked as a city drayman and resided at 106 West Brown Street.

In the city directories for 1925, 1935 and 1939 Uren Furniture was located at 805 Carpenter Avenue, and Henry J. and Flora C. Uren lived at 127 West D Street.

Henry J. "Harry" Uren died June 30, 1942, in Iron Mountain. In the July 1, 1942 edition of *The Iron Mountain News* the following information was contained in his obituary:

Harry Uren, 57, a furniture store proprietor and lifelong resident of Iron

Mountain, died at 12:30 p.m. at 127 West D Street after an illness of four months. He was a drayman for several years before entering the furniture business. He was active until a year ago when he retired because of ill health. He is survived by his widow and his sister, **Mrs. Susie Martin**.

In the **1946** city directory, **Mrs. H. Uren** was listed as the proprietor of the **Uren Furniture Store**, 805 Carpenter Avenue, and resided at 127 West D Street.



Sign on Glass Door at Uren Furniture Store, 805 Carpenter Avenue, Iron Mountain

Francis Gustaf "Frank" Berg (1872-1955), son of Gustaf Berg and -----Anderson, was born in Sweden on August 16, 1872. Johanna Elizabeth (Berquist) Rundle, daughter of August V. Berquist, was born April 10, 1874, in Humboldt, Marquette County, Michigan.

Frank G. Berg, 32, married Hannah E. (Berquist) Rundle, 29, on December 17, 1904, in Iron Mountain.

Johanna Elizabeth (Berquist) Rundle Berg died June 19, 1933, in Iron Mountain. Francis Gustaf "Frank" Berg died August 16, 1955, in Iron Mountain.

An item in the May 2, 1901 edition of the Iron Mountain Press noted: Chas. Gunnarson and Gustav Berg have formed a co-partnership and will engage in the furniture business at 619 Stephenson avenue, near the court-house.

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In the 1905-1906 city directory, F.G. Berg sold furniture and was an undertaker at 122 East Brown Street which was also his residence. In 1907-1908 F.G. Berg operated the Berg Furniture Store and also was an undertaker at 108 East Ludington Street. He and his wife Hannah lived at 214 West Ludington Street.

In the **June 13**, **1907** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* the following article appeared:

The entire stock of undertaking goods, four hearses, ambulance, etc., owned by **L.M. Hansen** [Louis M. Hansen (1859-1922)] and **F.G. Berg**, have been purchased by **Mr. Person** [Halvarson Halvar "Henry" Person/Person (1859-1917), who will retain three of the five hearses in stock, the hearse for country, and car for city use. The deal consummated last Tuesday morning means a fusion of the Berg and Hansen interests, as both undertaking establishments were owned separately.

Francis G. Berg was listed as a miner in the 1925 city directory, residing with his wife Hannah Berg, daughter Evelyn Berg and son Seibert C. Berg at 601 Walker Street. None of these individuals were listed in the 1935 directory.

History of 901: Joseph Robert "Bob" Rochon (1922-2012) and his wife Kathleen "Kay (Maynard) Rochon (1922-2020) purchased the property at 901 Carpenter Avenue in 1954 and built the new Rochon Funeral Home.

In February 1939, while a student at Iron Mountain High School, Bob went to work for Joseph Alphonse Payant (1883-1974) at the Payant Funeral Home. Bob served in the U.S. Army Medical Corps. In June 1946 Bob graduated from Wayne University College of Mortuary Science, having served his apprenticeship to

become a licensed embalmer and funeral director. Shortly after graduating, Bob entered into a partnership with Joseph Alphonse Payant which was known as the **Payant-Rochon Funeral Home**. In **1950** Bob purchased the funeral home from Mr. Payant.

From 1959 through 1969 the Rochon Funeral Chapel advertised as a "modern funeral chapel latest equipment." In 1970 the business was listed as the Rochon Funeral Home.

On September 1, 1970, the Rochon Funeral Home merged with the Erickson & Son Funeral Home to create the Erickson-Rochon Funeral Home.

From 1971 through 1976 the Erickson-Rochon Funeral Homes, Inc. operated at this address with Everett Berger "Swede" Erickson (1913-1986), president; Joseph Robert Rochon, vice-president/treasurer; Michael B. Erickson, secretary. Two funeral homes were operated, one at 901 South Carpenter Avenue and one at 1000 South Carpenter Avenue in Kingsford.

In 1978 J. Robert Rochon was listed as president-treasurer of Erickson-Rochon Funeral Homes, Inc., and Michael B. Erickson was listed as vice-president.

In 1979 and 1980 officers for the Erickson-Rochon Funeral Homes, Inc., were J. Robert Rochon, president, and Thomas W. Nash, secretary-treasurer. In 1981 Wayne F. Backlund was listed as a director.

In 1985 J. Robert Rochon was listed as president, Thomas W. Nash, vice-president-secretary-treasurer, and Scott D. Lutey, director.

In 1986 and 1987 Thomas W. Nash was listed as president and manager, and J. Robert Rochon, Thomas W. Nash and Scott D. Lutey were all funeral directors.

From 1988 through 1990 Thomas W. Nash was listed as president and manager,

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and Thomas W. Nash, Scott D. Lutey and Thomas J. Frisch were all funeral directors.

From 1991 through 1993 the Erickson-Rochon & Nash Funeral Homes, Inc. listed Thomas W. Nash as president and manager, and Thomas W. Nash and Scott D. Lutey as funeral directors.

In 1994 and 1995 Thomas W. Nash was listed as president and manager, Thomas W. Nash and Scott D. Lutey were funeral directors, and William Jaehnig was an associate. In 1986 William Jaehnig was also listed as a director.

In 1997 and 1998 Thomas W. Nash was listed as president and manager, and Thomas W. Nash, Scott D. Lutey and Michael Patterson all were funeral directors.

In 1999 and 2000 Thomas W. Nash was listed as president and manager, and Thomas W. Nash, Robert "Butch" Schinderle, Scott D. Lutey and Michael Patterson all were funeral directors. Scott D. Lutey was manager of the Kingsford Funeral Home.

History of 1103: Verner Hamilton Freeman (1913-1983), of Marinette, Wisconsin, whose parents were Verner Clyon Freeman (1892-1972) and Olive Bertha (McFee) Freeman (1892-1977), natives of Iron Mountain, established the Freeman Funeral Home at 1103 Carpenter Avenue in 1935.

Verner H. Freeman operated the undertaking business with his son, **John Hamilton Freeman** (1946-1986).

In 1935 the Freeman Funeral Home, Verner H. Freeman, owner, advertised "funeral directors, ambulance service" at this address.

From 1941-1942 through 1964 Verner H. Freeman operated the Freeman Funeral Home.

From 1966 through 1973 the Freeman Funeral Home continued to be operated by Verner H. Freeman with his son, John Hamilton Freeman, who was listed as an assistant.

From 1974 through 1986 Verner H. Freeman and John H. Freeman were both listed as owners of the Freeman Funeral Home.

After the death of John Hamilton Freeman, the Freeman Funeral Home became a part of the Freeman, Tondin & Ross Funeral Home from 1987 through 1992.

From 1993 to 2000 the Brouillette Law Offices (Bruce W. Brouillette; Brian F. Brouillette; Mary Brouillette Barglind; Lisa J. Brouillette) conducted their practice at this location.

History of 1117: In approximately 1922 or 1923, Frank and Joseph Buchanan, two brothers from Escanaba, established the Buchanan & Villemur Company, furniture and undertaking, at 619-621 South Stephenson Avenue. a funeral home at 1117 Carpenter Ave. This was the first new funeral home in the area.

Motivated by the Ford Motor Company's Plant in Kingsford, they also operated a furniture store on Stephenson Avenue.

Dolphis F. Villemur, a brother-in-law of the Buchanan brothers, who were identical twins, later married their sister, Mary Buchanan. At 40 years of age, Mr. Villemur was a graduate of the Worsham College of Mortuary Science in Chicago. He joined the Buchanans to create the Buchanan-Villemur Funeral Home. He was a true professional mortician and well beyond his time in the practice of mortuary science.

The **Buchanan brothers** left Iron Mountain – **Frank** to go to Kewaunee, Wisconsin, and **Joseph** to Duluth, Minnesota – in the **early 1930s**.

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Frank J. Tondini/Tondin (1897-1984), son of David Tondini and Anna (Surlo) Tondini, was born in Roncki, Austria, on August 8, 1897, and immigrated to the United States in 1912. He worked in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, steel mills before settling in Iron Mountain in 1914.

Frank married **Susie Maria Geromel** (1903-1984) on **September 9, 1918**, in Crystal Falls, Iron County, Michigan.

Frank worked in the Chapin Mine for seven years. He apprenticed with the MacDonald Funeral Home, operated by Mrs. Etta MacDonald and Hobart W. Martin at 207 West B Street (southwest corner of West B Street and Carpenter Avenue), in Iron Mountain from 1921 to 1923. He worked for Buchanan-Villemur Funeral Home & Furniture Store, located at 619-621 South Stephenson Avenue, in 1923. Frank also attended Dundon Business College in Iron Mountain.

Receiving his state embalmer and funeral director's license in 1929, Frank J. Tondin went into business with Dolphis F. Villemur in 1935.

The 1935 city directory listed the Buchanan-Villemur Company, undertakers, managed by Dolphis F. Villemur located at 1117 Carpenter Avenue.

In the **1939** city directory, the **Buchanan Villemur Tondin Funeral Home** was listed at 1117 Carpenter Avenue.

In the 1941-1943 city directory, the funeral directors for the Buchanan-Villemur-Tondin Company were listed as Dolphis F. Villemur, Frank Tondin and Frank Buchanan.

The 1946 city directory listed the owners of the Buchanan-Villemur-Tondin Funeral Home, located at 1117 Carpenter Avenue, as Dolphis F. Villemur and Frank J. Tondin.

Upon **Dolphis F. Villemur**'s retirement in **1952**, **Frank J. Tondin** became the sole owner of the funeral home. He was a self-taught mortician and was a very respected and sought after businessman.

In 1959 Frank J. Tondin was listed as owner of the Tondin Funeral Home at this address. From 1961 through 1967 Frank J. Tondin was listed as president and funeral director of the Tondin Funeral Home, Inc.

From 1969 through 1971 Frank J. Tondin was listed as president and Thomas E. Ross was listed as vice-president of the Tondin Funeral Home, Inc. From 1972 through 1979 the Tondin & Ross Funeral Home, Inc., operated with the same officer designations.

In 1980 Frank J. Tondin still served as president, but Duncan C. Orr was listed as vice-president of the Tondin & Ross Funeral Home, Inc.

From 1981 through 1984 Frank J. Tondin still served as president, but Richard Leathers was listed as treasurer.

In 1985 and 1986 Richard Leathers was listed as president, and from 1987 through 1992 Richard Leathers was listed as director.

In 1993 Tammy Barrows was listed as director of the Tondin Freeman & Leathers Funeral Home. From 1994 through 1999 Tammy Barrows was listed as director of the Tondin-Ross & Freeman Funeral Home. In 2000 Tammy Barrows was listed as director/owner of the Tondin-Ross & Freeman Funeral Home.

42: WEST SIDE OF THE 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600 AND 700 BLOCKS OF CARPENTER AVENUE

History of 100: In 1892-1894 Herbert W. Wright (1851-1923), an engineer at the Chapin Mine, resided here, and was still at

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this address in 1902-1903. Herbert W. Wright, working in a mine, lived at this address in 1907-1908 with his wife Sarah Lucina (Walrath) Wright (1848-1913), as well as son Eugene Nelson Wright (1882-1948) and Irma M. Wright, both of whom worked in a printing office, and sons Fred Leroy Wright (1876-1965) and William Eben Wright (1877-1973), both of whom were mail carriers.

There was no listing for this address in 1913.

Eugene Nelson Wright, a laborer, again resided here in 1925, as did William J. Fish, a drayman, and his wife Helen Fish.

In **1935** Milton W. Carlson (1905-1983) a laborer, and his wife Marie S. "Mary" (Turrie) Carlson (1913-1981) lived at 100 South Carpenter Avenue.

By 1939 Alvin Lenard Edlund (1907-1983), a W.P.A. worker, and his wife Edna (Rovge) Edlund (1917-1991) resided here.

In the **1941-1942** city directory **Edward A. Sundin**, Radio Trician *[sic]*, his wife **Margaret Sundin**, and **Eugene Wright**, a carpenter, were listed at this address.

In **1946** George Edward Oberthaler (1921-2009) and Eugene "Gene" Wright lived here.

Other residents include: Edwin A. Jones, 1959; Wilfred Cowling, 1961; Roger J. Richards, 1963; vacant, 1964 through 1973; James H. O'Donnell, 1974-1975; Earl J. Brownell, 1976; Soni E. Izzo, 1977; listing. 1978-1979; Frank no Hurkmanns, 1980-1981; Peter P. Hudson, 1982; no listing, 1984; Carl V. Wood, 1985-1986; James McIntyre, 1987; vacant, 1988-1998; Kenneth James "Kenny" McGregor (1937-xxxx) and Helen Marie (Knaus) McGregor (1949-2008), 1999-2000.

History of 102: There was no listing for this address in 1892-1894. In 1902-1903 Henry Bins, a painter, lived here.

There was no listing for this address from 1907-1908 through 1925.

Mrs. Lillian M. Paul, widow of Edwin Paul, a clerk, lived at 102 South Carpenter Avenue in 1935. Lillian M. Paul continued to live at this address in 1939 and was still listed here in 1941-1942, working as a W.P.A. timekeeper, together with Lillian Paul. a student.

The address was listed as "vacant" in 1946 and there was no listing in 1959.

From 1961 through 1972 Mrs. Lina D. (Raymore) Rouse (1892-1972) resided here. From 1973 through 1985 her son Kenneth D. Rouse (1915-1993) lived here.

In 1986 the address was listed as "vacant."

William Orvin Maki (1917-1998) lived here in **1987 and 1988**.

This address was listed as "vacant" from 1989 through 1998 and "not verified" in 1999 and 2000.

History of 110: J. Rainey was recorded as living at this address in 1892-1894, but in the alphabetical listing John Rainey, a "house[,] sign and ornamental painter, paper hanger and dealer in wall paper, paints, oils and glass," operated his shop at 204 East A Street and resided at 613 West C Street.

There was no entry for this address from 1902-1903 through 1946.

In **1959 Mrs. Lina D. (Raymore) Rouse** (1892-1972) was listed at this address. [See entry for 102 Carpenter Avenue.]

There was no listing for this address from 1961 through 2000.

History of 200 West Ludington Street (northwest corner of West Ludington Street and South Carpenter Avenue): By 1902-1903, Louis M. Hansen, a livery stable owner, took over the undertaking

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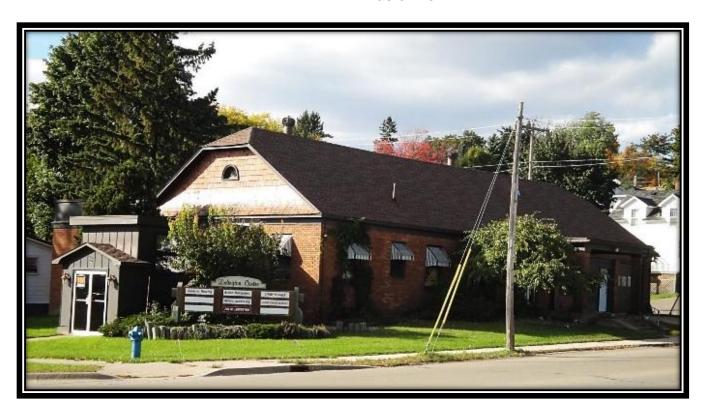
business, employing **J.W. Burbank** as an embalmer. Burbank later bought the business, and by **1925** and still in **1935** John B. Erickson ran his funeral parlor here.

John Berger Erickson (1884-1964) was born August 13, 1884, in Sunsvall, Sundsvalls kommun, Vastermoorlands lan, Sweden. He immigrated to the United States with his mother Anna Ericka (Lagerlund) Erickson (1862-1939), sister Helga A. (Erickson) Johnson (1883-1974) and brother Eric Albin Erickson (1881-1947). His father Erick Jonas Erickson died in Sweden. His widowed mother married Bror "Bernard" Rehn (1865-1917)

who raised the family in Norway, Dickinson, Michigan. Died in 1964.

John Berger Erickson established a funeral home in Norway due to the large Swedish population in that area. He later moved to Iron Mountain to the Robbins Building [Robbins Block] on East Hughitt Street in Iron Mountain, where he remained until 1936. It was at that time that he built a new funeral home at 200 W. Ludington St., which remained open until 1970.

In 1946 John B. Erickson was listed as the owner of the Erickson & Son Mortuary at 200 West Ludington Street. By 1959 through 1970 his son, Everett Berger "Swede" Erickson (1913-1986) was listed as owner.

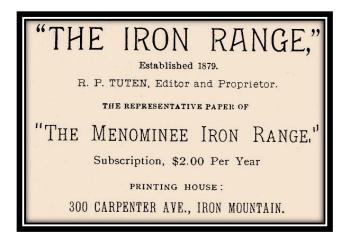


In 1935 John B. Erickson was still operating his funeral home at 217 East Hughitt Street in the Robbins Block. By 1939 the Erickson & Son Mortuary (John B. Erickson and Everett B. Erickson) was located here at 200 West Ludington Street. By 1959 the Erickson & Son Funeral Home was operated by Everett B. Erickson. The firm later became the Erickson-Rochon Funeral Home with J. Robert Rochon becoming a partner. This photograph of the Ludington Center dates from 2010. [William J. Cummings]

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

In 1971 Erickson-Rochon Funeral Homes, Inc. (Everett B. Erickson, president; J. Robert Rochon, vice-president/treasurer, Michael B. Erickson, secretary) was listed at 901 South Carpenter Avenue.

In 1972 the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company (Clement H. Gingrass, district agent; Thomas Hower, special agent) occupied offices in the Ludington Center, 200 West Ludington Street.



The above advertisement appeared in Walter R. Nursey's *The Menominee Iron Range: Its Cities, Their Industries and Resources* published in **1891**. [William J. Cummings]

History of 300: In 1892-1894 Robert P. Tuten, "Proprietor and publisher [of] The Iron Range, a weekly rep. [Republican] issued everv Thursday." newspaper. operated his newspaper at 300 Carpenter Avenue at the corner of West Ludington Street. advertising "Job printing connection." George H. Munro resided at this address, but operated his shop at 203 Merritt Avenue, advertising "Plumbing[,] steam and gas fitting. Buildings fitted with hot water, steam and hot air conveniences. Agent for the Furman Boiler."

Brothers, carriage and sign painters, worked at this address in 1902-1903, boarding nearby at the Harding Hotel at 201-203 West Hughitt. John Rodda, a blacksmith, also operated his shop at this location in 1902-1903, and probably lived here also.

In 1907-1908 E.W. Hunt & [Eugene Winfield Hunt (1856-1918) and Harrison Edgar Hunt 1878-1958)], "architects, contractors, carriage makers and mfrs. [manufacturers of] office and store fixtures," worked and resided at this location together with **Permilla** [Mildred Penella "Millie" (Root) Hunt (1863-1919)], wife of E.W. Hunt, Jane Hunt [Celesta Jane (Prettyhart) Hunt (1882-1939)], wife of Edgar Hunt, Frank Hunt, a student, and Lottie Hunt [Charlotte Mabel (Hunt) Deems (1883-1950)].

Their full-page advertisement on red paper appears between pages 200 and 201 of the 1907-1908 directory. The name listed in the street index was Heint & Sons, obviously an error. E.W. Hunt & Son (Eugene W. Hunt and Edgar H. Hunt) still worked as "blacksmiths and carriage dealers" at this address in 1913. Eugene W. Hunt also lived here with his wife Millie Hunt and Frank B. Hunt, a blacksmith.

In 1925 H. Richard Sachs rented furnished rooms at this location. Fabian M. LaChapelle (1879-1964), a laborer, and his wife Harriett [sic] LaChapelle [Harriett Jane (Massie) Forrest-LaChapelle (1883-1969), as well as Elza Leach, a laborer, and his wife Alta Leach resided here in 1925. Elza Leach's name appeared as Eliza Leach in the alphabetical listing.

The Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company, operated by Stephen F. Krause (1900-1973), was located here in 1935. Ronald W. Ackerman (1905-1970), a laborer, and his wife Pauline (Alleva)

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

Ackerman (1908-1986) also lived at this address, probably on the second floor.

By 1939 the Johnson Produce Market, Charles J. Johnson, proprietor, was operating his store here, still selling groceries and meat at this address in 1941-1942.

In **1946 Mrs. Elvira Ziehm** resided at this address.

By 1959 and through 2000 B & B Auto Sales, owned by Robert E. "Bob" Baldinelli, advertised "a good stock of used cars, see us first." Beginning in 1967 the Avis Rent-A-Car franchise also operated here.

History of 302: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.



Charles J. Johnson ran the Johnson Produce Market at 300 South Carpenter Avenue on the southwest corner of the intersection with West Ludington Street by 1939. The store operated here until Johnson's death in 1944. He is pictured here in the interior of the store in about 1935-1936 with his daughters (left to right) Lois (Nelson), Dorris (Negro) and Jean (Thekan). After 1925, but by 1935, Charles J. Johnson's grocery store was at 104 West Ludington Street, where part of the Bijou Theatre had been, next to Serena's general merchandise store at 108 West Ludington Street. [Jean (Johnson) Thekan]

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

In 1925 the City Laundry & Cleaning Works, owned and operated by Claude Rodolf Jorgensen (1884-1952), was located here, also serving as a residence for the proprietor and his wife Haraldine "Minnie" (Sturman) Jorgensen (1887-1975).

The Quality Cleaners, run by Ernest Edward Flaminio (1907-1979) at this address by 1935, advertised using his establishment "For Better Cleaning." Quality Cleaners & Dyers was still run by Ernest Flaminio at this location in 1939 and was listed here in the 1941-1942 and the 1946 city directories.

There was "no listing" for this address from 1959 through 1990, "no return" in 1991, "vacant" from 1992 through 1998 and Bob Baldinelli in 1999 and 2000.

History of 304: Joseph Fisher, a blacksmith, and Napoleon Ratel, a laborer, lived at this address in 1892-1894.

In 1902-1903 Joseph Fugere (1854-1934), a farmer, resided here, as did his daughter Cora (Fugere) Driscol (1883-1976), a seamstress, another daughter, Marie Ann "Geneva" (Fugere) Baril (1879-1961) and his son Gilbert P. "Gillie" Fugere (1882-1961), both clerks at the M. Levy Company, located at 417-419 South Stephenson Avenue. Joseph Fugere, a farmer, still lived here in 1907-1908 with his wife Marie Olivine "Olive" (Dessureau) Fugere (1855-1928), Edward Fugere, a student, sons Francis Xavier "Frank" Fugere (1886-1930) and Gilbert P. "Gillie" Fugere (1882-1961), both clerks, and son John Baptiste Fugere (1887-1982), a miner. In 1913 Joseph Fugere, a farmer, and his wife Olive Fugere remained at this address, living here with Edward Fugere and Frank Fugere, both clerks. Fugere was a barn foreman in 1925, still residing here with his wife Olive Fugere and

their daughter Marie Eva S. "Eva" Fugere (1896-1975), who worked as a cashier at Fugere Brothers (Gilbert P. Fugere and Frank X. Fugere) at 313 South Stephenson Avenue, and John B. Fugere, a salesman at Fugere Brothers.

In **1935 Walton D. Harding** (1904-1962), a driver, and his wife **Mildred C. (Bauman) Harding** (1906-1976) lived at this address.

There was no listing for this address in 1939.

The 1941-1942 city directory listed William James "Dutchy" Tirschel (1904-1980), owner of the M & M Tavern at 124 West Hughitt Street, and his wife Ann Antonia (Grailer)Tirschel (1904-1990) as residing here. The Tirschels still lived at this address in 1946 and were still listed here from 1959 through 1979.

From 1980 through 1982 Dane Paquette resided here. In 1984 Albert Witties lived here.

From **1985 through 1988** this address was listed as "vacant."

Lyle A. Ziehm resided here in 1989 and 1990.

From **1991 through 1997** this address was listed as "vacant."

In 1998 and 1999 Barbara B. Black resided here.

In **2000 Derek R. Dixon** and **Leah L. Dixon** lived at this address.

History of 306: In 1892-1894 Prosper Cossette, a carpenter, resided here. Joseph Dessureau and Eugene Jacob, both laborers, lived at this location in 1902-1903. Mrs. Mary Jacob, widow of Eugene Jacob, lived here in 1907-1908 with Eldrich Jacob, Eugene Jacob and Henry Jacob, a house mover. In 1913 Henry Jacob, a teamster, resided at this address with his wife Marie Jacob, and Oliver Allard, a laborer, and his wife Anna Allard also lived here.

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Edward Tousignant, a scaler, and his wife Vera Tousignant resided here by 1925. Adolph D. St. Arnauld and James St. Arnauld lived at this address in 1935. as did Mrs. Elizabeth M. Vida, widow of John Vida, a laundress. By 1939 Louis Francis and his wife Edna Francis. together with Beatrice Francis, N.Y.A., and Geneva Francis, who worked at the Relief Warehouse, resided here, but by 1941-1942 the family at this address was listed as Louis Fronsee, his wife Edna Fronsee, Beatrice Fronsee, a stenographer for the N.Y.A., and Eleanor Fronsee, who did sewing for the N.Y.A. Mrs. Mae Vida also was listed at this address in 1941-1942. Louis Fronsee was still listed here in 1946.

By 1959 the Hosking Tire Company, operated by James Negro (1899-1976) with brothers Richard W. Hosking (1913-1999) and Robert Pearce Hosking (1920-2003) listed as directors. From 1961 through 1963 the same business, operated by Robert P. Hosking and Ed Paquin, did business at this address.

From 1964 through 1966 this site served as the B & B Motor Sales Annex operated by Bob Baldinelli.

From 1967 through 1970 Iron Mountain Auto Supply, owned by Mrs. Lillian Conrad, sold auto parts at this address and had a storage facility at 200 West Hughitt Street. From 1971 through 1973 the business was listed with Wesley Conrad and Lillian Conrad as owners.

There was no listing for this address from 1974 through 2000.

History of 200 West Hughitt Street: The two-story E.E. St. Arnauld Saloon was erected by Ephram Edward "Ed" St. Arnauld (1850-1915), who was born in French Canada and immigrated to the United States in 1878, on the northwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West Hughitt Street before 1892. This address

is included in this listing because the east side of the saloon, still standing in 2025, faces Carpenter Avenue.

St. Arnauld ran "sample rooms" at 200 West Hughitt Street by 1892, dealing in "fine wines, liquors, cigars and bottle goods," and was still operating a saloon here in 1902, and again in 1907.

By 1913 Antonio J. "Bob" Lefebvre (1882-1934) was running the saloon, but Ed St. Arnauld was still residing here, probably upstairs. Bob Lefebvre married Ernestine Anna (St. Arnauld) Lefebvre (1878-1962) in Iron Mountain on July 22, 1902. Ernestine was the daughter of Adolphis "Adolf" St. Arnauld (1852-1937) and Victoria (Bouchard) St. Arnauld (1847-1932).

By 1925 Edward Joseph Verrette (1889-1966) sold "Staple and Fancy Groceries, Fresh and Smoked Meats, Freshly Dressed Poultry Every Saturday, Vegetables and Fruits of All Kinds" here. Edward married Perina M. (Bacco) Verrette (1887-1988) in Iron Mountain in 1911.

By 1935 Geatano H. "John" Ealmini (1889-1986) ran a tavern here. His first wife was Luisa H. Ealmini (1891-1956). They both were born in Italy. His second wife was Vincenza (Bianchini) Ealmini (1916-1998), who was also born in Italy.

By 1939 the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company, owned by Steven Krause (1900-1973), conducted business at this address. By 1946 the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company was operated by Harold Jensen. This may be Harold T. Jensen (1903-1957), who is buried in Norway Township Cemetery, Dickinson County, Michigan.

By 1961 Mrs. Lillian Elizabeth (Hudson) Conrad (1908-1996) sold auto parts at the Iron Mountain Auto Supply Company, 200 West Hughitt Street. The

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company's 1964 city directory listing noted the business served as "Distributors and Jobbers of Auto Parts and Accessories, Complete Machine Shop Service."

From 1967 through 1970 Iron Mountain Auto Supply, owned by Mrs. Lillian Conrad, sold auto parts at 306

Carpenter Avenue and had a storage facility at 200 West Hughitt Street. From 1971 through 1973 the business was listed with Wesley B. Conrad (1912-1998) and Lillian Conrad as owners.

This building still stands in 2025 and housed Galaxy Sports in 2010.



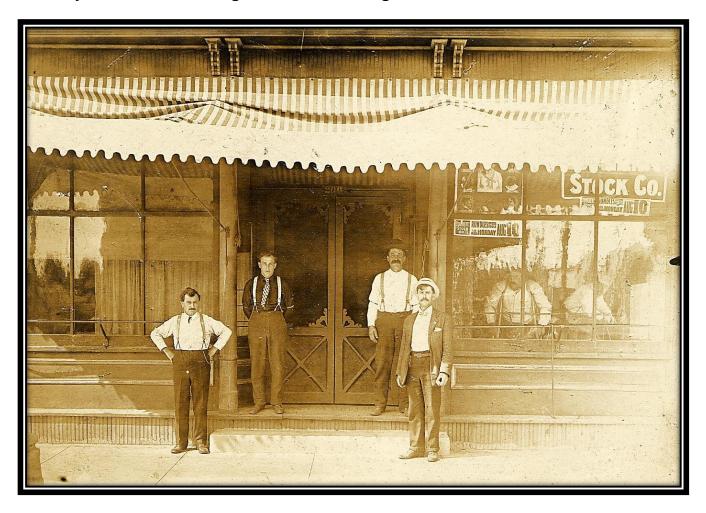
A group of patrons and employees at **Ephram Edward "Ed" St. Arnauld's Saloon**, **200 West Hughitt Street**, posed for the photographer, including a delivery wagon and team of horses on Carpenter Avenue, in **about 1900-1910**. Note the bicycle. *[William J. Cummings]*

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian



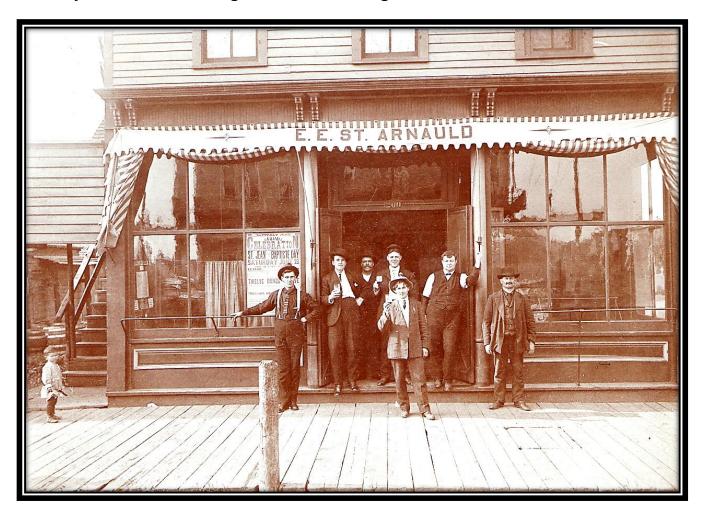
A group of thirteen patrons and employees at **Ephram Edward "Ed". St. Arnauld's Saloon**, **200 West Hughitt Street**, posed for the photographer in **about 1900-1910**. Note the ornate brackets on the cornice above the windows. [William J. Cummings]

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Four men at **Ephram Edward "Ed" St. Arnauld's Saloon**, **200 West Hughitt Street**, posed for the photographer in **about 1900-1910**. Notice the three men looking out the window on the right side of the photo. The man on the left appears to be on crutches. [William J. Cummings]

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A group of seven patrons and employees at **Ephram Edward "Ed" St. Arnauld's Saloon**, **200 West Hughitt Street**, lift a glass to toast the photographer in **about 1900-1910**. Notice the little girl at the far left at the base of the exterior stairway and the poster in the window at the left celebrating **St. Jean de Baptiste Day** on Saturday, June 23. June 23 fell on Saturday in **1900**, **1906** and **1917**, helping to date this photograph. [William J. Cummings]

History of 201 West Hughitt Street: The three-story Peter Patient Hotel was erected by Peter Patient (1852-1934) on the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West Hughitt Street during the summer of 1891. This address is included because the east side of the hotel building faced Carpenter Avenue.

In the **June 16, 1892** edition of Iron Mountain's weekly newspaper *The Iron Range* a brief news item noted that "**Peter**

Patient has had his hotel lighted with electricity."

Peter Patient, son of Joseph Patient (1820-1897) and Marguerite (Dutilly) Patient (1829- 1873), was born September 20, 1852, in Saint-Damase, Saint-Hyacinthe, Québec, Canada. His first wife, Edmyre Bourdeau (1864-xxxx), was born in French Canada in 1864. They had eight children: Celia (1881-1931), born in Stephenson, Menominee County, Michigan; Xavier (1886-xxxx), born in Stephenson

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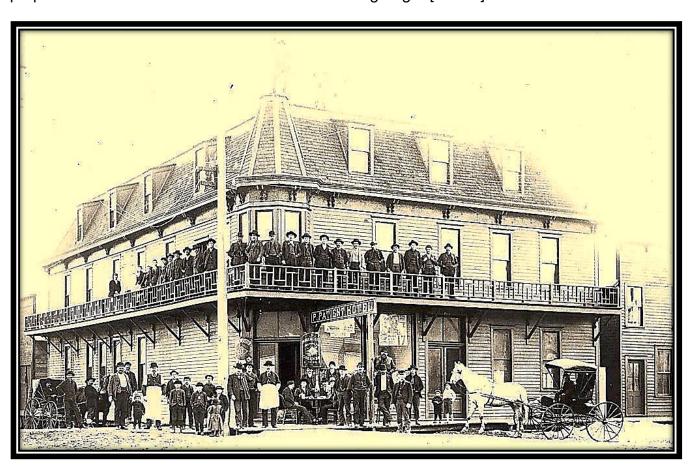
Township, Menominee County, Michigan; Albina Josephine (1887-1917), born in Iron Mountain; Delia (1889-1980), born in Michigan; Henry (1892-1924), born in Michigan; Alfred (1894-xxxx), born in Michigan; Edlore (1894-xxxx), born in Michigan; and George (1895-xxxx), born in Green Bay, Brown County, Wisconsin. From the birthplaces, the Patient family probably came to Iron Mountain in about 1887.

In the **1892-1894** city directory **Albert G. Ferrier** (1865-1896) was listed as the proprietor of the **Patient Hotel**. The hotel

was advertised as "Good accommodations by the day or week at living prices."

Albert G. Ferrier died April 16 [sic – April 7 on tombstone], 1896 and was buried in Italian Potters Field #55 in the Quinnesec Cemetery. Mrs. Agnes Ferrier, possibly his widow, was listed at 618 West Hughitt Street in 1902-1903, but doesn't appear in any other city directories.

An item in the **December 1, 1898,** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted: **Peter Patient** has traded his hotel for a farm near Green Bay and will become a granger [farmer].



Peter Patient erected his three-story hotel and saloon during the **summer of 1891** at **201 West Hughitt Street**. Note the fancy railing on the balcony on the north and east sides of the building and the mansard roof with dormers. A man, barely visible in this view, stood on top of the three-paneled corner roof when the photographer took this photograph. Note the two buggies with convertible tops, one on either side of the hotel. [Gene Derwinski/Dick Ferris]

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No records have been found to date to document Peter Patient's farm near Green Bay, Brown County, Wisconsin.

An item in the June 29, 1899 edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted the following: Joseph Champagne, of Green Bay, has leased the Diring Hotel on W. Hughitt street and is in possession.

Mathias "Math" Diring, Jr., (1875-1947), born May 13, 1875, in Bay Settlement, Brown County, Wisconsin, is the probable owner of the Diring Hotel which may have been acquired from Peter Patient.

On October 17, 1899, Mathias "Math" Diring, Jr., son of Mathias Diring, Sr., (1842-1925) and Barbara Kramar (1842-1909), married Exelia Paris (1872-1952), daughter of Isaac Paris (1825-1906) and Mary Marelis Morris (1832-1886), in Iron Mountain, Dickinson County, Michigan.

Their daughter, **Barbara Gertrude** (**Diring**) **Leurquin** (1900-1962), was born in Iron Mountain on **April 20, 1900**. Their second child, son **Maurice Isiah** [sic] **Diring** (1901-1960), was born in Menominee, Menominee County, Michigan. Their remaining five children were all born in Green Bay, Brown County, Wisconsin.

Joseph Peter Champagne (1858-1928), born in January 1858 in Howard, Brown County, Wisconsin, could have been the new landlord. He appeared on the on the 1900 Bayfield, Brown County, Wisconsin Federal Census and the 1910 Howard, Wisconsin Federal Census.

Peter Patient's second wife, Delia Bourdeau (1858-1946), daughter of Bourdeau (1837-1910) Joseph and Emelia (Remillard) Bourdeau 1919), was first married to Hypolite Paul Denomme/Denomie (1839-1896). Thev October 7, married Menominee, Menominee County, Michigan, and had four daughters.

Peter Patient and Delia (Bourdeau)
Denomme/Denomie were married August
29, 1905, in Chassell, Houghton County,
Michigan. They had no children together.
No family link has been found between the
two wives who shared the surname
Bourdeau.

Peter Patient died March 24, 1934, in Escanaba, Delta County, Michigan, and is buried in Flat Rock Cemetery, Delta County. Edmyre (Bourdeau) Patient, his first wife, probably died before 1905. His second wife, Delia (Bourdeau) Denomme/Denomie Patient, died June 2, 1946, in Chassell, Houghton County, Michigan.

The **Harding Hotel**, sometimes called the **Hotel Harding**, was first leased and then owned by **William James "Sunny Jim" Harding** (1870-1936).

Born January 10, 1870, in Cornwall, England, Harding immigrated to the United States in about 1889, locating in Iron Mountain, where he worked for seven years as a ticket agent and baggage man for the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

On **September 1, 1892**, he married **Lydia Ellizabeth "Lillie" Uren** (1873-1918), daughter of **John Uren** (1838-1903) and **Maryanna "Annie" (Sampson) Uren** (1850-1917), in Iron Mountain.

Harding and his first wife, Lillie, had seven children, all born in Iron Mountain: John Henry (1892-1941); James Garfield "Garf" (1895-1966); Albert Iver (1897-1958); Doris A. [Mrs. Elmer Oberdorfer] (1899-1986); Gladys Fredricka (1901-1913); Walton D. (1904-1962); and Osborne Uren "Ozzie" (1911-1967).

An item in the **December 1, 1898** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted: **James Harding** has taken possession of **Hotel Blight**. It is safe to say that he will conduct a neat and orderly house and will do well.

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

An item in the **June 7**, **1900** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted: **W.J. Harding**'s pacing horse ran away last night and demolished a road cart.

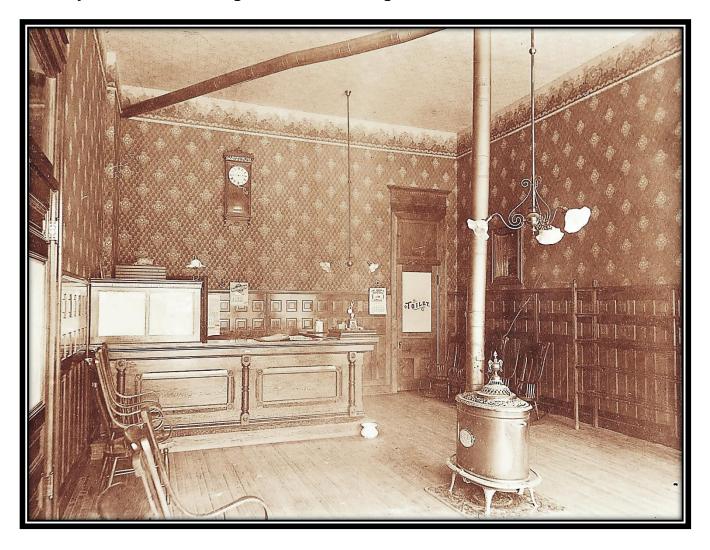
An item in the **September 27, 1900** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted: **James Harding** has secured a long-term lease of **Hotel Diring**, **corner of Carpenter avenue and W. Hughitt street**, and will

take possession next Monday. In the meantime the house is receiving a thorough renovating from top to bottom. Mr. Harding and his better half made a success of the hotel business at the **Blight House**, and may be depended upon to sustain their reputations at the new stand, where they will be able to accommodate a much larger number of patrons.



Jorgen J. Eskil (1857-1942), pioneer Menominee Iron Range photographer, took this photograph of the Harding Hotel, formerly the Patient Hotel, 201-203 West Hughitt Street, early in the twentieth century. An inscription on the back of the photograph noted that "Jim" (possibly William James "Jim" Harding) was on the horse at the side of the hotel, and also that John Charles "Jack" Eslick (1860-1942) and Martin King, Sr. (1855-1928) were pictured, probably on the porch, perhaps seated in the rockers on the West Hughitt side of the building. Note the woman, perhaps a maid, peering out of the left dormer window. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian



Jorgen J. Eskil (1857-1942), pioneer Menominee Iron Range photographer, took this photograph of the **Harding Hotel** office area, including the reception desk, early in the twentieth century. Note the fancy electric lighting fixtures, the parlor stove situated in the center of the room with the lengthy stovepipe and the bentwood chairs. The beautifully paneled walls were topped with wallpaper capped with a wide border at the ceiling level, and a regulator clock hung high above the reception desk. The glass on the door at the far left is marked "Toilet." Note the spittoon on the floor at the corner of the reception desk. *[Menominee Range Historical Museum]*

An item in the October 11, 1900 edition of the Iron Mountain Press under the headline "Has Resigned." noted: W.J. Harding has resigned his position as baggageman at the C. & N.-W. depot, after nine years of faithful service. Mr. Harding has engaged in the hotel business which requires his entire time and service. The

host of friends that he had gathered about him while in the employ of the C. & N.-W. company have followed him to his new home and many of them are numbered among his family.

An item in the March 7, 1901 edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* under the headline "Harding Houses Sold." noted: *The*

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Hagemeister Brewing company, of Green Bay, is now the owner of the Harding House property on West Hughitt street, having purchased the same from M. Diring last Saturday. We learn that the consideration was \$3,600. W.J. Harding has a lease of the property for one year with the privilege of extending the same for two years.

An item in the March 14, 1901 edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted: *The Hagemeister Brewing Company*, of *Green Bay, failed to close the deal for the* **Harding house**, which was pending last week, and Mr. Harding is now negotiating for the property.

An item in the May 2, 1901 edition of the Iron Mountain Press noted: William J. Harding has concluded a deal for the purchase of the popular hotel which bears his name. Extensive improvements which will enhance the popularity of the hotel are contemplated. "Jim" struck his gait" sure enough when he engaged in the hotel business.



The **Harding Hotel** located at **201 West Hughitt Street**, had 32 rooms and was owned and managed by **Thomas Goldsmith Horton**, **Jr.**, who obtained a lease from the Harding estate in **mid-July 1938**. This advertising postcard would date sometime **between 1938 to the early 1940s**. Billed as "Iron Mountain's \$1.00 Hotel," the guests slept on "Innerspring Mattresses" and enjoyed "hot and cold running water." [William J. Cummings]

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In **1924** Harding married Miss **Elna Victoria Lindstrom** (1894-1952), daughter of **Gustaf Carl Lindstrom** (1868-1941) and **Johnna "Annie" (Carlson) Lindstrom** (1872-1923). They had no children. Annie later married **Harold Thor Eskil** (1894-1970) in **1947**, long after Harding's death.

William James "Sunny Jim" Harding died January 23, 1936, at his home, 614 East G Street, Iron Mountain.

Thomas Goldsmith Horton, Jr. (1872-1953), son of **Thomas G. Horton, Sr.** (1829-1897), and **Lucy (Printiss) Horton** (1840-1914), born in **May 1872** in Mecosta County, Michigan.

In October 10, 1900, in Croswell, Sanilac County, Michigan, Thomas Goldsmith Horton, Jr., married Elizabethe Rachel Eymer (1873-1943), born in New York on February 11, 1873, and daughter of L.J. and Averilla (Wiley) Eymer.

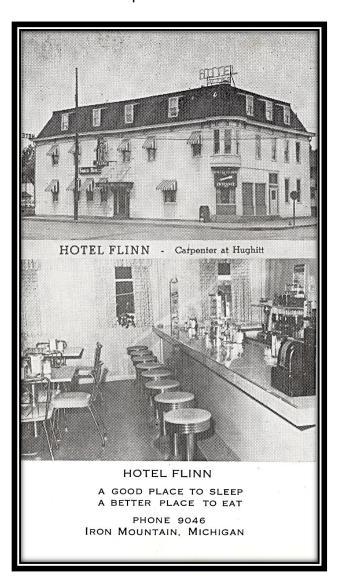
By 1935, shortly before William James Harding died, Thomas Horton was listed as operating the Harding Hotel. He obtained a lease for the hotel from the Harding family in mid-July 1938. The Harding Hotel was under the Horton's management in the 1939 and 1946 city directories.

Elizabeth (Eymer) Horton died **March 28, 1943**, in Iron Mountain. Thomas appears in the **1950** Federal Census for Iron Mountain, Dickinson County, Michigan. According to Social Security records he died in Georgia in **November 1953**. They are buried in Rest Haven Cemetery, Iron River, Iron County, Michigan.

By 1959 the Hotel Flinn, owned by Sam R. Flinn, was listed in the city directory. Exactly when he took over the hotel is unknown, but probably sometime shortly after Horton's death in November 1953.

By **1961** the **Flinn Hotel** advertised "Rooms by Day or Week, Restaurant and Coffee Shop" in the city directory, operated

by **Donald R. Cooper**. Donald Cooper and his wife **Rose** lived at 924 East H Street in Iron Mountain at that time. The same listing appeared in **1963**, noting the side entrance at 400 South Carpenter Avenue.



By 1959 the building was known as the Hotel Flinn, Sam R. Flinn, proprietor. Donald R. Cooper was the owner when the Hotel Flinn burned December 2, 1963. [William J. Cummings]

FIRE: At 5 a.m. on Monday, December 2, 1953, a fire started in the basement

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furnace room, completely destroying the historic structure.

The following article appeared in the Monday, **December 2, 1963** issue of *The Iron Mountain News*:

Fire Destroys Flinn Hotel; Damage Upwards Of \$50,000

An early morning fire which broke out shortly after 5 this morning, [sic] destroyed the **Flinn hotel**, southwest corner of Carpenter avenue and Hughitt streets [sic – street], erasing one of the early Iron Mountain landmarks, resulting in damage upwards of \$50,000 to a possible \$80,000.

Iron Mountain Fire Chief Mike Scolatti reported that the fire department was summoned at about 5:15 this morning. According to Chief Scolatti, the blaze started in the furnace room of the hotel and swept upwards through the partitions of the 77-year-old three-story frame building.

While the firemen battled the basement blaze in dense smoke, the flames shot upwards between the walls and in a short time the fire was out of control. Firemen fought desperately in near-zero weather to contain the blaze and preventing [sic – to prevent] it from spreading to numerous nearby buildings. None of the other buildings were damaged.

Donald Cooper, proprietor of the 32-room hotel, said the building was occupied by 22 guests last night, mostly permanent residents. Some of the other guests had left for the weekend.

Cooper said when the alarm was sounded after smoke started to seep through the upper floors, all 22 guests were aroused and safely left the building. All 22 guests were accounted for by mid-morning.

Cooper, who helped arouse the guests, said he was aided by **John Shristnovarich** [sic – Christnovarich –?], a guest and musician who plays with the band, [sic] "The Muleskinnners." He said the musician joined him in breaking into all of the 22 rooms and sounding the alarm, enabling all guests to evacuate the burning hotel safely.

Cooper said that many of the guests, permanent residents of the hotel, lost all their clothes and personal belongings in the fire.

The hotel proprietor said that he had \$30,000 insurance coverage on the building and contents, which he said would hardly cover half of the loss. Since Cooper took over the hotel two years ago, thousands of dollars in equipment and furnishings have been added to the rooms, kitchen and dining room.

Cooper added that the total fire damage could amount to \$80,000 to \$90,000.

Cooper also said he had no definite plans for the future.

Fire Chief Scolatti reported that the city, [sic] firemen started fighting the blaze at 5:15 this morning and it was about 10:30 before everything was under control. At noon today, several water hoses were being played on the smouldering [sic – smoldering] remains of the building.

According to the records, the hotel was built in 1886. [NOTE: The Patient Hotel was built in 1891.] Iron Mountain was founded in 1879. It was first known as the Patient hotel and shortly after 1900, it became the Harding hotel. Since there have been several owners, the name

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changing [sic – changed] from the Harding to the **Flinn**. Cooper took over two years ago, remodeled the hotel and retained the name, Flinn.

W. Fred Clarke, manager of the Iron Mountain Michigan Bell Telephone company plant, this morning credited the Iron Mountain firemen with keeping the phone lines open in several sections of the city.

He reported that firemen were able to keep telephone lines near the hotel wet enough to prevent burning. Had they burned, telephone service would have been cut to the entire northwest side of Iron Mountain, including 25 Location, northside [sic – the North Side], part of [the] west side, and the west side of Stephenson avenue.

CAPTIONS: FIRE **LEVELS IRON MOUNTAIN LANDMARK** – The Flinn hotel, corner [of] Carpenter avenue and Hughitt street[,] was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire erased one of the landmarks of the Iron Mountain pioneer days. **Pictured** above is a photo of the building taken over 60 years ago, when it was known as the Patience [sic - Patient] Hotel. After the turn of the century, it became the Harding hotel. Then it became the Flinn hotel, which several years ago was taken over by the present owner, Donald Cooper, of Iron Mountain, still retaining the Flinn hotel name. This hotel was built in 1886 [sic -1891], seven years after Iron Mountain was founded in 1879. Picture was taken in the vears when a camera brought everybody out. They all got into the act[,] including the men perched on the third story roof. (Iron Mountain News photo copy)

With the fire out of control, Iron Mountain city firemen are pictured in numbing near-zero weather this morning battling the fire which destroyed the Flinn hotel. There was

FIREMEN BATTLE HOPELESS BLAZE -

little to do but play the water on the fire and prevent the blaze from spreading to nearby buildings. Firemen took turns in manning the hoses. (Iron Mountain News photo)

History of 400: In 1961 the Hotel Flinn occupied the southwest corner of South Carpenter Avenue and West Hughitt Street, but the hotel's side entrance was listed as 400 South Carpenter Avenue. The hotel burned on December 2, 1963.

In the **1964** directory **The Coop**, owned and operated by **Donald R. Cooper** at this address, was listed as a restaurant and youth center. A new building has been constructed. By **1966** the business was listed as a restaurant only.

From 1967 through 1972 the State Driver's License Bureau, Peter J. Bugni (1915-1999), manager, was located at this address.

From 1969 through 1973 the Farmers Insurance Group, Walter A. Frazer, agent, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture – Dickinson-Iron Office of Stabilization & Conservation, managed by Bertal W. Johnson, also had offices at this address.

From 1974 through 1985 Mrs. Adeline B. Dwyer (1913-2000) operated Adeline's Beaute Salon here. From 1986 through 1993 Adeline's Beauty Salon was listed at this address with Sharon Fredrickson, owner. [In 1994 Adeline's Beauty Salon, Sharon Fredrickson owner, moved to 817 Pyle Drive in Kingsford.]

From 1974 through 1979 the U.S. Department of Agriculture Stabilization & Conservation still maintained their office here with Bertal W. Johnson, county

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executive director, 1974-1978, and **Jimmy R. La Voie**, 1979.

In 1978 State Wide Real Estate of Iron Mountain offered "residential, commercial, resort properties, appraisals with associate offices throughout the state" with Fred Tremblay serving as broker.

From 1979 through 1980 the Farm Bureau Insurance Group was located here with Ford Waterman and Bruce Anderson, agents.

From 1980 through 1992 Danny H. Hansen managed the Northern Light Whole Food Co-Op at this address.

There were no listings at this address from 1994 through 2000, except for 1999 when Add Lights, Sharon Fredrickson, beauty shop owner, and the Iron Mountain City Department of Rural Development, offering federally sponsored credit, were listed here.

History of 404: There was no listing for this address in 1892-1894. M. Trenarais, a laborer, resided at this address in 1902-1903. Dona Collins, a railroader, lived at this location in 1907-1908 with his wife Emma Collins. In 1913 Eli Mongrain (1858-1932), a laborer, resided here with his wife Clarice "Clara" (LaFountaine) Mongrain (1854-1934).

There was no listing for this address from 1925 through 2000.

History of 406: S.G. Barnes, a tailor, lived at this address in 1892-1894.

By 1902-1903 Eli Mongrin [sic – Mongrain] (1858-1932), a laborer, and Elida [sic – Olida –?] Mongrin [sic – Mongrain], a dressmaker, resided here. Eli Mongrain, a laborer, still lived here in 1907-1908, together with his wife Clarice "Clara" (LaFountaine) Mongrain (1854-1934), Olida Mongrain, a dressmaker, and Rezima Mongrain, a clerk. Although this address was listed as "vacant" in the street index in 1913, in the alphabetical listing

Delore Mongrain, a lather, and **Angeline M. Mongrain**, a seamstress, lived here.

In 1925 Roy Bennetts, a plumber, and his wife Sigrid Bennetts, and Harriet Bennetts [Harriet (Bray) Bennetts Julian (1870-1954)], widow of James Bennetts, all lived at this address.

Mabel Morrison, widow of Harry Morrison, and Clarence R. Morrison and William Morrison, both students, resided here in 1935. William Morrison lived at this address in 1939

In the 1941-1942 city directory Johnson's Barber Shop, operated by Henry G. "Hank" Johnson (1909-2001), was listed here. In 1946 Johnson's Barber and Little aml **Playground** Company occupied this site with Henry Johnson, owner of both businesses. Johnson's Barber Shop continued at this address from 1959 through 1986.

From 1987 through 2000 Christesen's Barber Shop, owned by James E. Christesen (1942-xxxx), cut hair here.

History of 408: Prosper Germain, a teamster, and Thomas Weeks [Thomas John Weeks, Sr. (1850-1921)], a miner, resided at this location in 1892-1894. Thomas Weeks, an agent for Gately & Company, still lived here in 1902-1903, together with Bertha Weeks, a student, and Irene Weeks, a clerk at Gately & Company, who boarded here. In 1907-1908 Thomas Weeks, now an agent for "household specialties," continued residing at this address with Lousie [Louisa (Richards) Weeks (1853-1929), his wife, Robert Peter "Roy" Weeks (1887-1951), a painter, and Violetta Weeks, a telephone operator. Thomas J. Weeks, a janitor, and his wife Louise [sic - Louisa] Weeks still lived here in 1913, as did Marion M. Weeks. In addition, Gustaf "Gus" Carlson (1852-1942), a diamond driller, and his wife Winifred Carlson resided at

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this address in 1913. Thomas John Weeks, Jr. (1878-1963), a mechanic, and his wife Anna M. (Haas) Weeks (1882-1969) lived here in 1925, as did Thomas H. Harvey, a laborer, and his wife Victoria Harvey, as well as Lawrence Harvey. In 1935 Thomas J. Weeks, Jr., a laborer, and his wife Anna Weeks still resided here, as did Thomas A. Weeks. In 1939 Thomas J. Weeks, Jr., an employee at the **Ford Motor** Company, and his wife Anna Weeks continued to live here, and were still listed at this address in the 1941-1942 city directory, when Thomas J. Weeks was a foreman at the Ford Motor Company. Thomas J. Weeks was listed at this residence from 1946 through 1963.

From 1964 through 1978 Edmond F. Van Damme (1892-1979) resided here. His wife was Roselyn "Rose" (Janack) Van Damme (1895-1972) and they were married in 1916.

From 1979 through 1981 this address was listed as "vacant."

From 1982 through 1984 Jay P. Bosley [Paul Jay Bosley (1933-1991)] operated Jay's Sewing Center here, offering sewing machine sales and service.

In **1985 Peter Joseph Clash, Jr.** (1914-1987) lived at this address.

In 1986 and 1987 this address was listed as "vacant."

From 1988 through 2000 there was no listing for 408 Carpenter Avenue.

History of 410: In 1892-1894 Louis Arnold (1844-1919) operated his butcher shop at this address and also lived here.

He advertised as follows in the city directory:

The place to buy first class meats. He sells as cheap as any dealer in the city and low prices given on large orders. Meats are all honest and fresh and in all varieties. Prompt and reliable.

Louis Arnold (1844-1919) married Louisa (Roell) Arnold (1856-1908). Both were born in Germany.

Louis Arnold continued to operate his "meat market, groceries and provisions" store here in 1902-1903. His advertisement appeared on page 8 of the 1902-1903 directory, stating: Quality is the Important Point in Purchasing Meats. LOUIS ARNOLD Always considers this point when making his purchases, hence his trade is assured all the time of securing HIGH-GRADE MEATS. The same point is also considered in the purchase of provisions and groceries and when you buy goods of ARNOLD you know that you are getting the BEST LINES IN THE MARKET.



This advertisement appeared in the Directory of the Cities of Iron Mountain and Norway and Villages of Quinnesec and Vulcan, Mich. with a List of the Residents of Niagara, Wis., 1902-1903. [Willliam J. Cummings]

Daughter **Bertha A.** (Arnold) Hanley (1884-1934), a bookkeeper for her father, Louis Arnold, also resided at this address in 1902-1903. Son Otto Louis Arnold (1875-1932), also a butcher for the company in 1902-1903, lived at 212 West A Street.

In the 1905-1906 city directory Louis Arnold, meat market and grocer, was listed at 410 Carpenter Avenue, together with son Otto Arnold, clerk, and daughter Bertha Arnold, bookkeeper.

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Although there was no entry in the street index for this address in 1907-1908, the alphabetical listing recorded sons Otto Louis Arnold and Robert E. Arnold (1874-1917) operated the family business as Arnold Brothers, selling "groceries, meats, fruits, vegetables and feed" at this location. Otto Arnold lived here with his wife Nellie Mae "Nell" (Hitchon) Arnold (1876-1909) and brother Robert Arnold also lived above the butcher shop.

Members of the Arnold family living at 212 West A Street in 1907-1908, were Otto Arnold, the butcher, with his wife Louisa, daughter Bertha, a bookkeeper, and Albert Arnold, a delivery man. The 1907-1908 street index placed Arnold Brothers at 412 Carpenter Avenue, perhaps a mix-up due to the residence address of 212 West A Street.

Otto L. Arnold still operated the grocery and meat market at 410 Carpenter Avenue in 1913 and also lived here with his wife Marie Arnold. Robert Arnold worked as a butcher in 1913, probably here, but lived with his wife Rose Arnold at 314 West Ludington Street.

Otto Arnold was operating a grocery store here in 1925, located on the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West A Street. By 1935 Clarence Emery Arnold (1894-1961) was selling "groceries and meats" at 410 Carpenter Avenue. He married Loveta Marie (McNaughton) Arnold (1901-1983) in 1921.

Arnold's Grocery Store continued to be operated by Clarence E. Arnold in 1939 and was listed as Arnold's Market with Clarence E. Arnold, proprietor, living with his wife Loreta [sic – Loveta] Arnold at the same address. The market remained under the same ownership from 1946 through 1961, when Clarence died. Arnold's Market was still listed in 1963 with his widow, Loveta Marie Arnold, as owner.

She was still listed as a resident here in 1964.

1966 through 1974 Henry's Bv Refrigeration & Appliances, owned by Henry M. Yantorni (1922-2011), sold "Frigidaire refrigerators, ranges, freezers, conditionina and air commercial refrigeration equipment" and provided "delivery, installation and service." In 1944 he married Catherine Jean (Calcaterra) Yantorni (1924-2018). From 1966 through 1974 Mrs. Loveta Marie (McNaughton) Arnold (1901-1983) lived upstairs and probably still owned the buildina.

In 1975 and 1976 Janice Martinson operated Jan's Style Salon at this address.

From 1977 through 1979 Corrine Voelker operated Corrine's Style Salon here, advertising "all phases of hair styling and hair cutting and permanent waving."

From 1980 through 2000 Marie J. Edwards operated The Cut Above, a hair salon, at this address.

In 1990 and 1991 Wanda K. Wickingson lived upstairs and in 1992 and 1993 Kimberly Kirklin rented the apartment upstairs. No renters were listed from 1994 through 1999, but in 2000 Douglas R. and Wanda K. Wickingson were listed as tenants.

History of 412: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

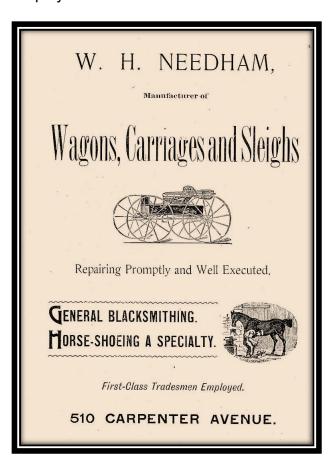
Ernest Bond, a painter and decorator, operated two shops in 1925, one at 407 Carpenter Avenue and the other at 412 Carpenter Avenue. There is no listing for 410 Carpenter Avenue in the street index, and the building at that address is located on the northwest corner of the intersection with West A Street.

There was no listing for this address from 1935 through 2000.

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History of 510: W.H. Needham was a "Carriage and Wagon manufacturer," here in 1892-1894, who also did "blacksmithing and general job work. Repairing and ordered work."

According to his advertisement in the 1892-1894 directory, he was a "Manufacturer of Wagons, Carriages and Sleighs, Repairing Promptly and Well Executed, General Blacksmithing, Horseshoeing a Specialty, First-Class Tradesmen Employed."



The above advertisement appeared in the Bunn & Simmons' Iron Mountain City Directory, 1892-94. [William J. Cummings]

An additional advertisement appears on page 62 of the *Bunn & Simmons' Iron Mountain City Directory, 1892-1894*, illustrated with the image of a two-

passenger cutter [one-horse open sleigh] with the following information:

W.H. Needham, Wagon maker and Blacksmith, Horse-shoeing, General repairing and ordered work. 510 Carpenter avenue.

The history of the origin and subsequent development of establishments engaged in the manufacture of wagons, carriages and sleighs, form an interesting epitome in the annals of modern progress. It shows the positive advancement rapid and mercantile industry under the march of civilization, and subsequently demonstrates what accomplished has been mechanical skill, energy, industry and enterprise. Among the various industries that the city of Iron Mountain is fortunate in possessing, [sic] is the factorv workshop of Mr. W.H. Needham. highest ambition of the proprietor is to put in use such vehicles, that for style, finish, durability, ease, comfort and quality cannot be excelled in any factory in this section of the country. To this ambition it seems as though his present success must be most gratifying. Nothing but first-class work leaves this establishment, as he employs the most proficient and skilled mechanics known to the trade, and being a practical mechanic he superintends all work from beginning to finish. He makes a specialty of ordered work, giving entire satisfaction in each and every particular; pays particular attention to horse-shoeing and general blacksmithing; does all kinds of repairing, and will assure his patrons that his work in these trades will receive their hearty endorsement, as his business is conducted with a view of obtaining and pleasing his customers.

In the Tuesday, **June 21, 1898** edition of Iron Mountain's *The Daily Tribune*, under the headline "Dissolution of Partnership," the following item was published:

By William J. Cummings, Menominee Range Historical Foundation Historian

The copartnership heretofore existing between **W.H. Needham** and **S.D. Evans** is this day dissolved by mutual consent. S.D. Evans will continue to conduct the business and will pay all bills and collect all accounts.

There was no listing for this address from 1902-1903 through 2000.

History of 512: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

By 1925 Peerless Radiator Repair & Welding Works, Oril P. Savoie, proprietor, offered its services from this location.

Richard C. Abelt operated the Superior Garage here by 1935.

By 1939 the Quality Service Garage, owned by Peter Hendricks, was in operation at this address, but was listed as the White Top Garage, run by Robert Bergman "Bob" Schettler (1917-1998), in the 1941-1942 city directory.

There was no listing for this address in 1946.

By 1959 through 1966 Jack's Body Shop, owned by John D. "Jack" Minella (1928-2019), did auto body repair, installed auto glass and did auto painting.

In 1967 this address was listed as "vacant."

From 1969 through 1977 Thomas G. Ullenius operated the Viking Machine Company at this location.

From **1978 through 1986** this address was listed as "vacant."

From 1987 through 1996 A.L. Antonini [probably Alvio Dominic Antonini (1927-2013)] was listed as the owner, using the structure as a warehouse.

There was no listing for this address from 1997 through 2000.

History of 514: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

Simon J. Shada ran a wholesale confectionery store here by 1925. Louis Viens [possibly Louis Dennis Viens

(1885-1932)] was also recorded at this address in the street index in 1925, but his name was not found in the alphabetical listing for either Iron Mountain or Kingsford.

By 1935 the Asselin Creamery, a Norway dairy owned and operated by Urgel Felix Asselin, Sr. (1887-1980), sold "Milk, Cream, Butter, Ice Cream and Eggs" at this branch location. Leo J. Duford [Joseph Alfred "Leo" Duford (1897-1994)] a driver, also resided at this address in 1935.

By 1939 through 1946 Bob's Cycle Shop, owned by Robert Bergman "Bob" Schettler (1917-1998), was doing business at this location, and was listed together with White Top Cab, also owned and operated by Robert B. Schettler, in the 1941-1942 city directory. Leo J. Duford, a W.P.A. worker, also resided here again in 1941-1942 through 1946.

By 1959 Richard J. Dishneau operated Kirby Sales, selling vacuum cleaners, and also did rug cleaning as A & A Floor Service.

From 1961 through 1967 Alvio Dominic Antonini (1927-2013) owned A & A Floor Service, operating from this location. In 1969 and 1970 Alvio Dominic Antonini (1927-2013) operated The Sub Shop here.

From 1971 through 1973 L. Irene Grenfell [possibly Irene Emma Pia (Giovannini) Grenfell (1914-2010)] operated The Sub Shop at this location, advertising "26 varieties of submarine sandwiches, foot long hot dogs and pizzas" in the 1973 city directory.

In 1974 this address was listed as "vacant" and was owned by Alvio Dominic Antonini.

From 1975 through 1980 Jeff Smith managed The Sub Shop. In 1981 and 1982 Anita Lynn Elliott was listed as manager, and then from 1984 through 1988 Anita Lynn Abraham (1956-xxxx),

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wife of **Samuel Mark Abraham** (1951-2003) and probably Anita L. Eliott was manager.

In 1989 this address was listed as "vacant."

In 1990 Lana Smith operated Festival of Foods here, but in 1991 and 1992 she operated Toquito's Mexican Cuisine at this site.

In 1993 this address was listed as "vacant."

In 1994 Joe Lemay operated P.J.'s Snack Shop here.

In 1995 this address was "not verified."

In **1966** the address was listed as a residence owned by **Al Antonini**.

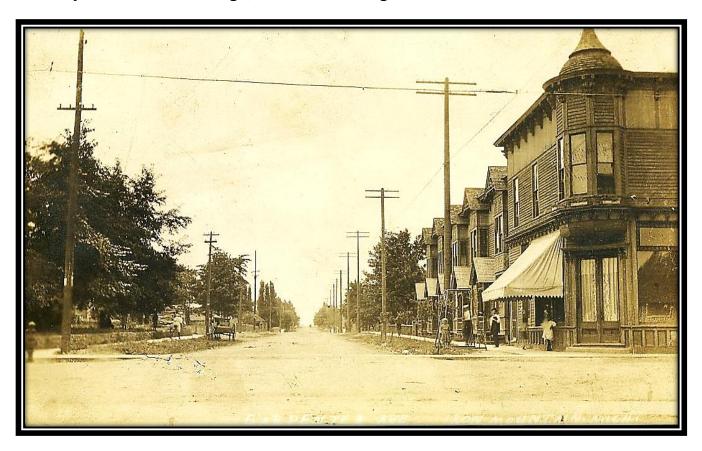
From 1997 through 2000 Main Street Pizza, operated by Robert "Bob" Claycombe in 1997 and 1998. Claycombe was listed as president of Main Street Pizza, located at 629 Main Street, Norway, in 1999 and was the official contact person for Main Street Pizza in 2000.

In 1999 Daniel Annear and Alvio D. and Jean Antonini were listed, possibly as residing in this building. In 2000 Chris Lucier, Jr. was listed probably residing in the building.



This snapshot was taken just past the intersection of Carpenter Avenue and West B Street in the early 1920s. Apparently grading work was being done on the 400 and 500 blocks of Carpenter Avenue. The huge faucet hanging as a business sign from the two-story building at the far left indicated a plumber's shop. Perhaps Edward J. Hammel, who had a shop at 405 Carpenter Avenue in 1925, operated from this building when he began business in Iron Mountain a few years earlier. In 1925 this building housed a wholesale confectionery run by Simon J. Shada at 514 Carpenter Avenue. At 512 Carpenter Avenue Oril P. Savoie was the proprietor of the Peerless Radiator Repair & Welding Works in that same year. Eugene DeGayner began operating his garage in conjunction with the area's Dodge dealership at 124 West B Street in 1919 with Gottfried "Guffy" Johnson. [Eugene DeGayner]

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Postmarked June 7, 1913, this view shows Carpenter Avenue, looking south, with the **McKinney Flats** on the southwest corner at the intersection with West B Street. McKinney Flats consisted of a larger building at the corner with five two-story "townhouses" attacked along the west side of Carpenter Avenue, suitable for housing eight or nine families. [William J. Cummings]

McKinney Flats – Southwest Corner of Carpenter Avenue and West B Street

History of 600-610: The following background information was gleaned from the *History of Iron Mountain*, published by the Iron Mountain Women's Club, February 20, 1914 [1878-1888 by Mrs. A.D. Stiles, 1888-1896 by Mrs. Isaac Unger, 1896-1906 by Mrs. O.C. Davidson]:

F.W. McKinney of Manistique, Michigan, who saw in Iron Mountain wonderful possibilities during the building boom, purchased a piece of land laying [sic – lying] west of the Kimberly and Armstrong additions. known "Lawndale." It was Mr. McKinnev's idea to change the original platting of Iron Mountain and make Hughitt Street the principal business street instead of Stephenson Avenue for he saw no way for the city to spread out but to the river, and by making "Lawndale" a beautiful residence section, would in time call the business interests in that direction. Miles of sidewalks were laid, and many lots sold, and some buildings put up, but the business district of the city remained unchanged. Hughitt Street had cast its die long before Mr. McKinney undertook its conversion.

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Mr. McKinney was far sighted enough to see a waning of the city's boom and negotiated for the sale of "Lawndale." Among the prospective buyers A.B. Geilfuss of the Commercial Bank of Milwaukee was landed and beautiful "Lawndale" transferred to him for a goodly consideration, but his good fortune was of short duration. Much of this property reverted back to the State for taxes and the "McKinney Flats," corner of Carpenter Avenue and "B" Street was taken up by the Marquette Savings Bank.





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These two photographs of the McKinney Flats Building, southwest corner of West B Street and Carpenter Avenue, date to about 1925 and show the structure with two stories. [Hazel (DeDayner) Dault]

The McKinney Flats consisted of a larger building at the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West B Street with five two-story "townhouses" attached.

Exactly when this structure was built is uncertain, but residents for 600-610 Carpenter Avenue were listed in the Bunn & Simmons' Iron Mountain City Directory 1892-94, indicating the McKinney Flats were constructed prior to that time.

An item in the November 12, 1891 edition of Iron Mountain's The Iron Range noted: KALITT & REEVES [G.H. Kalitt and John E. Reeves] have moved their candy store from the McKinney block to Montgomery's block, on Stephenson avenue [405 Stephenson Avenue in 1892-1894]. Kalitt & Reeves were confectioners.

An item in the **January 12**, **1905** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* under the headline **Bought the Flats.** records the sale of the building to **Emil A. Croll** (1862-xxxx) as follows:

E.A. Croll has closed a deal with the Savings Marguette Bank for the McKinney **Flats** at the corner Carpenter avenue and West B street and has taken possession. The consideration is private, but it can be said that Mr. Croll secured a bargain. The building contains apartments for eight or nine families and two stores. It is the intention of the new make owner to many needed improvements.

The details of the purchase of the McKinney Flats building from Emil A. Croll by Eugene J. DeGayner (1880-1968) in mid-March 1924 appeared in the following article published in the Friday, March 14, 1924 edition of the *Iron Mountain News*:

DEGAYNER BUYS FLATS BUILDING

Purchases Property From Croll; Price Reported AT \$25,000

Final details of the sale of what is known as the **Flats Building**, corner of Carpenter avenue and B street, were expected to be completed this afternoon, according to **E.J. DeGayner**, owner of DeGayner's garage, who will buy the property from **E.A. Croll**.

Mr. DeGayner plans to use the building for rental purposes, he said this noon, and does not contemplate any change in the structure.

Part of the building is divided into apartments, while another portion is devoted to business establishments.

Mr. DeGayner would not make public the monetary consideration involved in the transfer, while Mr. Croll also refused to give out the amount. A report from several sources today that the price was \$25,000 was denied by Mr. Croll.

In 1925 Mrs. Etta MacDonald and W. Martin Hobart operated the MacDonald & Martin Funeral Home on the southwest corner of West B Street Carpenter Avenue. advertising "Embalmers and Funeral Directors, Prompt Ambulance Service, Lady Attendant." 1935 Mrs. Etta N. MacDonald operated the MacDonald Beauty shop at 619 South Stephenson Avenue and lived at 310 East C Street.

On Thursday morning, May 14, 1931, the McKinney Flats building experienced a devastating fire which severely damaged the building which then housed the Iron

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Mountain Gas Company, Em's Pasty Shop, Stomberg's Self Serve Grocery, Allyn's Dress and Hat Shop and the O'Connor's Bake Shop.

The details of the fire appear below as reported in the Thursday, May 14, 1931 edition of *The Iron Mountain News*:

FIVE BUSINESS PLACES BURN OUT

HEAVY DAMAGE RESULTS FROM MORNING FIRE

> DeGayner Flats At Carpenter Avenue And B Street Ablaze

> > LOSS IS \$20,000

Flames Started In Rear Of Structure Before 6 O'clock

Damage estimated at from \$20,000 to \$25,000 resulted from a fire which, starting shortly before 6 o'clock this morning in the rear of the **DeGayner flats**, on the southwest corner of Carpenter avenue and B street, destroyed part of that structure as well as most of the stock and fixtures of five business places located therein.

Insurance totalling [sic – totaling] \$23,500 is carried on the stock and fixtures of four of the five business places.

The **Iron Mountain Gas company**'s offices and display room were situated almost in the heart of the blaze.

Others Burned Out.

The other four places burned out were Em's Pasty Shop, Stomberg's Self Serve grocery, Allyn's Dress Shop and the O'Connor Bake shop. The former three places were located on Carpenter avenue, the gas company's offices on the corner, and the bakery shop on the B street side of the building.

Started at Rear of Shop.

The only likely version of the blaze came from Miss Ida O'Connor, proprietress of the bakery shop on West B street. It was at the rear of her shop, according to authorities, that the blaze was first discovered by the firemen.

"I went to my shop at about 5:45 o'clock this morning," Miss O'Connor said, "and, as I have done every morning, I lit the fires under the bake oven and put some water on the stove for the two bakers who were to arrive later.

"Then, as usual, I returned home, planning to go back to the shop again at about 7:30 o'clock. Shortly after I got home I heard a commotion out in the street, and going to the window saw smoke coming from the shop. I ran across and opened the door. A puff of black smoke blew in my face and almost smothered me.

"Meanwhile a young man, who had been passing that way, saw the smoke, and was trying to rouse the neighbors in order to reach a telephone and called [sic – call] the department."

Robert Sheehan [Robert Philip Sheehan (1913-1999)], son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sheehan [Thomas John Sheehan (1867-1942) and Anna M. (Grossbusch) Sheehan (1872-1944)], 310 East B street, was the first to notice the smoke, while enroute [sic – en route] to attend an early morning church service.

Chief Mike Scolatti [Michael J. Scolatti, Jr. (1901-1981)] and members of both city departments arrived to find the

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flames spreading rapidly through the bake shop and the gas company's office adjoining. Sheets of fire shot over the ceiling, towards the Stromberg store and other shops adjoining to the south, the blaze travelling [sic – traveling] rapidly through the dry, frame structure.

Street Employes [sic] Assist.

Shortly after 6 o'clock, H.L. Senseman, city engineer and superintendent of the water department, arrived to check up on the water supply. A few moments later Senseman called out his assistant, Alton Forrel, and six members of the street department to assist the firemen of both stations in fighting the blaze. The extra men remained on duty until the last of the flames had died out.

When the trucks finally left the scene shortly before noon the upper part of the structure over the gas company's office had been torn away, exposing the charred and dripping rafters within, and the walls of the building on both Carpenter avenue and B street were blackened from fire and smoke.

Only the tin roof over the building prevented its destruction and held the outer walls intact, the chief said. The roof served also as a check for the flames which raced beneath it over the several stores and towards the second floor apartment occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Hicks, near the south end of the building. Mrs. Hicks is the proprietress of Em's Pasty shop.

Water Damage Heavy.

Water poured in streams through (Continued on page 2, column 1)

HEAVY DAMAGE RESULTS FROM MORNING FIRE

Five Business Places Are

Burned Out; Loss Is \$25,000

(Continued from Page One) the roof and into the second and first floors of the business places, drenching the stock and fixtures. With the exception of the O'Connor Bake Shop and the Iron Mountain Gas company's office, where the blaze was centered, most of the damage was caused by water.

Insurance totalling [sic – totaling] \$14,500 was carried on the building by **E.J. DeGayner**, owner, according to reports.
Other coverage reported and the estimated damage in each instance, follows:

Em's Pasty Shop, \$1,500 insurance on the shop and \$500 on the furniture in the apartment above; estimated damage, \$2,000.

Stromberg's Self Serve, \$3,000 on stock and fixtures; estimated damage, from \$1,000 to \$1,500.

Allyn's Dress and Hat shop, \$1,500 on the stock; damage not estimated.

O'Connor's Bake shop, \$1,000 on the stock and fixtures; estimated loss, from \$1,500 to \$2,000.

Insurance totalling [sic – totaling] \$3,000 was carried on the stock and fixtures of the Iron Mountain Gas company. The damage, considered total by the officials, had not been estimated up to noon today.

Save Some of Things.

Mr. and Mrs. Hicks, assisted by friends, managed to salvage some of their personal belongings from their living quarters, but much of that was damaged by water.

Water also drenched the package and sack goods at the Stomberg store, and poured over the counters, shelves and floor. The walls and ceilings of all the shops were blackened and streaked with water.

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The building, one of the oldest in the city, provided ready fuel for the blaze, and only the combined effort of the firemen and others sent to help them saved the flames from spreading to adjoining buildings.

In the Tuesday, **June 2**, **1931** edition of *The Iron Mountain News* details of the rebuilding of the **McKinney Flats** structure were outlined as follows:

DEGAYNER FLATS
BUILDING TO BE
ONE STORY HIGH

Remodelling [sic] Of Fire-Swept Structure Is Under Way

Work on the re-construction of the **DeGayner flats building**, corner [of] Carpenter avenue and West B street, partly destroyed by fire, is progressing rapidly under the direction of **Neil P. Gill**, resident engineer for the Phelps-Drake Construction company. About 25 men are employed on the job.

Only one story of the structure will be retained, and a new roof provided for that. The building, it is expected, will be completed within a month.

With the exception of the bakery shop, which occupied the West B street store site, all of the former business places in the structure have applied for quarters, Mr. **DeGayner** said.

The Iron Mountain Gas company will utilize all of its former space and the added site vacated by the O'Connor bakery shop. Others who are expected to go back into the building are Ivan Stromberg, grocer, and Allyn's Hats and Dresses.

Men employed on the job are being selected by Mr. DeGayner from his own list

of unemployed married men in the community, he said.

Sub-contracts will be let for the lighting, heating and plumbing in the building within the next few days.

History of 600/600A: William F. Moehlenpah and George C. Moehlenpah, both clerks at the Chapin Mining Company, lived here in 1892-1894, as did M.A. Gibson, an undertaker, probably working for Albert E. Robbins (1860-1958) at 217 East Hughitt Street in the Robbins Block, as Robbins was the only undertaker in the business listing.

In 1902-1903 R.P. Helson, a salesman, resided at this address. Flora Knutson [probably Flora Clara (Grimord) Knutson-Uren (1876-1953)] lived at 600A in 1907-1908.

This address (600A Carpenter Avenue) was listed as "vacant" in 1913.

Amos M. Croll, a "Jeweler and Watch Repairer" had his shop at 204 East Hughitt Street in 1925 but lived at this address with his wife Elvira Croll and Hugo C. Croll, a laborer, and Louis M. Croll, a student. The residence at 600A Carpenter Avenue was listed as "vacant" in 1925.

The Vogue Apparel Shop was run by Mrs. Jessie C. (Liebchen) McNicholas-Houle (1891-1976), widow of Francis John "Tod" Houle (1882-1934), here in 1935.

By 1939 the Iron Mountain Gas Company, managed by Melville D. Hof, was located at this address, as was the Morell Beauty Salon, operated by Mary Morell, and both businesses were again listed here in the 1941-1942 city directory.

By **1946** Eugene J. De Gayner (1880-1968) was listed as manager of the **Iron** Mountain Gas Company.

From 1959 through 2000 the Iron Mountain Gas Company, managed by John Bertoldi [John Louis Bertoldi (1921-2003)] from 1959 through 1988,

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operated at this address. From 1989 through 2000 John Bertoldi was listed as president. Beginning in 1993 through 2000 John Tabaka [John Paul "Butch" Tabaka (1951-2011)] served as general manager.

History of 602/602A: In 1892-1894 A.P. King, a chemist at the Chapin Mining Company, and M.J. Doyle, an "attorney and counselor at law" in Rooms 1 and 2 of Wood's Sandstone Block, 208 East Ludington Street, resided at this address.

Fred Lane, a janitor, lived at 602A Carpenter Avenue in 1902-1903. Recorded in the street index for 1907-1908 as the address of C. Pacquette, the alphabetical listing placed Charles Poquette, a barber, living here with his wife Irene Poquette. Similarly, John Fredrickson's name was recorded in the street index for this address, but the alphabetical listing found Della Fredricks, Jennie Fredricks, John Fredricks and Tony Fredricks all residing here in 1907-1908.

This address was listed as "vacant" in 1913. However, Frank Morgan, a carpenter, resided at 602A Carpenter Avenue with his wife Harriet Morgan and Laura Morgan, who worked as a milliner at 129 South Stephenson Avenue.

In 1925 Henry Perry, a laborer, and his wife Eva Perry lived at this address, as did Tom Mitchell [Thomas "Tom" Mitchell (1894-1983)] one of the owners of Mitchell Hardware at 219 South Stephenson Avenue, and his wife Jean Mitchell [Dora Jean (Hawkins) Mitchell (1902-1981)]. William H. Liebe, a laborer, and his wife Pearl Liebe resided at 602A Carpenter Avenue in 1925.

By 1935, Nilo I. Salmeen operated a grocery store at this location. The Handi Cash Store, Robert W. Marolf, proprietor, was located here in 1939, but in the 1941-1942 city directory the Economy Market,

operated by **Habile K. Najjar** and **William Najjar**, was listed at this address.

By 1946, Granger's Barber Shop was operated here by Vincent W. Granger [probably Vincent Norman "Vince" Granger (1907-1974), as was City Appliance & Electric Company, owned by Kenneth Darby.

By 1959 through 1970 Granger's Barber Shop was still located at this address, and Pete's Typewriter Service, operated by Peter Vicenzi [probably Peter Clement Vicenzi (1909-1998)], repaired typewriters and sold "typewriters, adding machines, calculators, cash registers, steel desks and steel safes."

In 1971 Granger's Barber Shop still cut hair at this site, but Business Machines & Equipment Company, owned by James Ring [possibly James P. Ring (1936-xxxx)] and Richard Finn (possibly Richard T. Finn (1929-xxxx)] sold and serviced "typewriters, calculators, adding machines, photocopy machines, mimeographs, and duplicators.

In 1972 Granger's Barber Shop was no longer listed here, but from 1972 through 1975 James Ring and Richard Finn operated Business Machines & Equipment Company.

In 1976 this address was listed as "vacant."

In 1977 Phyl's Daisy & Dandelions, owned by Phyllis Williams, sold plants and gifts at this address.

In 1978 Terence E. Anderson, agent for Mutual Service Insurance, had his office here.

From 1979 through 1987 Bruce Erickson, owner of Erickson Insurance Agency, sold "homeowners, auto, life, health insurance." and business Service representing the Mutual Insurance Corporation from 1982 through 1987.

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There was no listing for this address from 1988 through 2000.

History of 604: Dr. E. Meyer, a physician and surgeon, maintained his office and residence at this address in 1892-1894, and William Allen, superintendent of the Quinnesec Logging Company, also lived here.

In 1902-1903 Argo M. Dill, foreman for the *Iron Mountain Press*, a weekly newspaper, lived here, and Mrs. Exilda Little and Virginia Little, an operator for the Michigan Telephone Company, both resided at 604A Carpenter Avenue.

Theodore D. Schoyen (1867-1938), an engineer, and his wife Nellie M. (Highland) Schoyen (1880-1954) resided at this address in 1907-1908, and the name E.A. Cerolo [surname possibly Carollo] also appeared in the street index but was not found in the alphabetical listing.

In 1913 Wallace Stephenson, a commercial traveler, and his wife Rose Stephenson, lived at 604 Carpenter Avenue, and Frank D. Moran, also a commercial traveler, and his wife Loretta Moran lived at 604A Carpenter Avenue.

Clarence B. Potter, a painter, and his wife Lela Potter resided here in 1925. George L. Lothamer, a steamfitter, and his wife Luella Lothamer lived at 604A Carpenter Avenue in 1925, as did Abraham Wellington "Abe" Luke (1870-1942), a game warden, and his wife Kathryn Luke [Cathrine I. "Kit/Katie" (Highland) Luke (1876-1962)].

Romeo H. Rocheleau [Romauld Henry Joseph "Romeo" Rocheleau (1901-1993)] had a bakery here and also lived at this address with his wife Ernestine E. (Fox) Rocheleau (1904-1940) in 1935.

There was no listing for this address in 1939 or 1941-1942.

By 1946 the Nu-Way Curtain Service, owned by Geraldine Beitel, did business here.

By 1959 through 1966 John De Nell [John Kenneth "Cubby" DeNell (1924-1990)] operated DeNell Upholstery at this address.

There was no listing for this address from 1967 through 1977.

In 1978 Angie's Beauty Boutique and Angie's Beauty Supply, both owned by Angeline Tchokreff [Angeline (Farchione) Tchokreff] occupied this address, continuing as Angie's Beauty Supply & Boutique from 1979 through 1982.

There was no listing for this address from 1984 through 1987.

From 1988 through 1998 the Erickson Insurance Agency (Bruce E. Erickson, president; Mrs. Tina M. Erickson, vice-president). From 1990 through 1998 Julie Erickson was first listed as secretary and Tony Erickson was listed as filing clerk from 1990 through 1992. From 1993 through 1995 Cliff Schaut was listed as "group health, home owners, auto, life, health and business insurance."

Beginning in 1993 the business was identified as Erickson Insurance Agency. Inc. (Bruce E. Erickson, president; Tina Erickson, vice-president; Julie Erickson, secretary; Cliff Schaut, group health, homeowners. auto. life. health business insurance). From 1996 through listed 1998 Barb Rogers was commercial manager and Cliff Schaut was no longer listed.

In 1999 Erickson Insurance Agency, Inc., moved to 210 East H Street, Iron Mountain.

In 1999 this address was "not verified" and in 2000 there was no listing for 604 Carpenter Avenue.

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History of 606: There were no listings for this address from 1892-1894 through 1935.

In 1939 the Mountain Hotel, Abe Raskin, manager, was listed at this address which was also the residence of Abe Raskin and his wife Rose Raskin.

There was no listing for this address from **1946 through 1975**.

From 1976 through 1991 Professionals In Photography (John V. La Porte and Paul Kemippainen) ran a photography studio here, "specializing in senior and family portraits and on location portraits available on request." Rosemary Channing was listed as manager from 1985 through 1990 and there was no manager listed in 1991.

In 1992 and 1993 Professional Ways Computer Services, operated by Gary Martin, was located at this site.

In 1994 and 1995 Dean and Mary Beth Setner operated Dean's Sewing & Vacuum here.

In 1996 this address was listed as "vacant."

From 1997 through 2000 Ken Jacobson operated Jacobson Upholsterers. In 1999 Cindy L. Jacobson was also listed, and in 2000 Ken Jacobson was listed as the contract person and Cindy was not listed.

History of 610: In 1892-1894 Ransom Lotrip Hammond (1858-1918), an "attorney and counselor at law" as well as

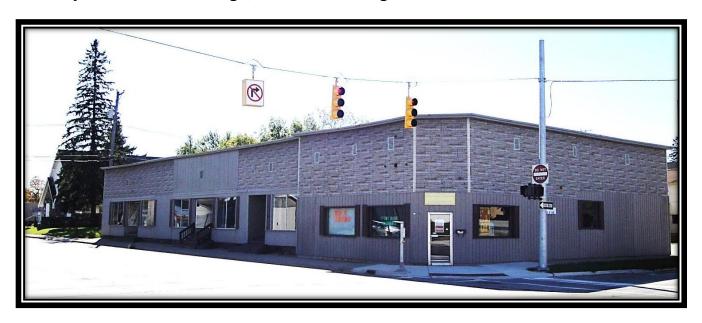
the city attorney, resided at this location and had his office in Room 2 of the Wood Block at 235 South Stephenson Avenue. Ransom L. Hammond, now prosecuting attorney for Dickinson County, maintained both his residence and his office at the same locations in 1902-1903. In 1907-1908 Ransom L. Hammond, an "attorney and notary" with an "office over" the First National Bank, remained at this address, living here with his wife Minnie Lowry (Williams) Hammond (1855-1932) and Eldredge [sic - Eldridge] Hammond, a student. Ransom L. Hammond, mayor of the City of Iron Mountain in 1913, maintained his law office at 227 South Stephenson Avenue, and still lived here with his wife Minnie Hammond and David Dick Hammond (1894-1963) and Kenneth Kane Hammond (1894-1975), twins, both students.

Mrs. Matilda (La Fave) Farrell (1874-1934), widow of Robert Farrell (1859-1919), had boarders and resided at this address in 1925, as did Ira Farrell, a student, and John Farrell [Oren John "Jack" Farrell (1907-1986)], a laborer.

This address was listed as "vacant" in 1935.

By 1939 the Home Bakery, owned by Romeo H. Rocheleau Romeo H. Rocheleau [Romauld Henry Joseph "Romeo" Rocheleau (1901-1993)], operated at this location, and was again listed here in the 1941-1942 city directory.

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This photograph of the **McKinney Flats building** was taken in **2010**. The building was demolished during the last week in **September 2013**. [William J. Cummings]

From **1946 through 1998** there was no listing for this address.

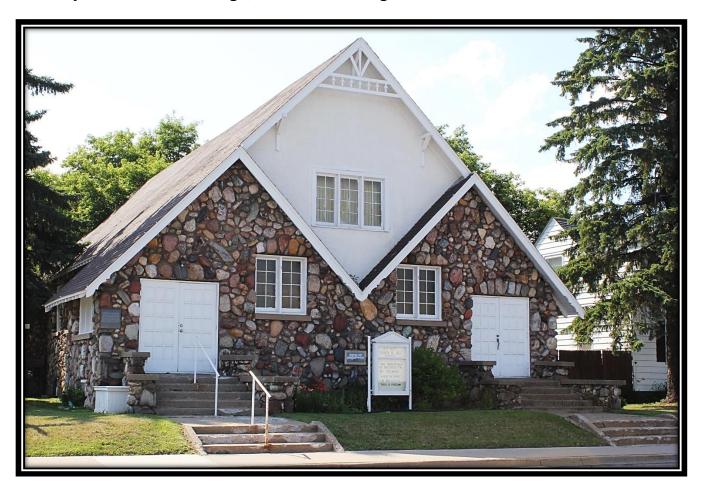
In 1999 and 2000 Merle Parsons was the manager for Sears Roebuck & Company Authorized, selling electrical household appliances.

History of 612: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1939.

By 1941-1942 the residence here was owned by the Seventh Day Adventist Church. The Rev. C.B. Messer, pastor, lived here at that time. The residence was listed again in 1946 with no pastor recorded.

The following pastors were occupants of the parsonage as follows: Rev. Bernyl G. Mohr, 1959; Rev. David Parkhurst, 1961; Rev. C. Lee Huff, 1963; Rev. LaVerne A. Pomeroy, 1964-1966; no listing, 1967; Rev. Waldo R. Alger, 1969-1972; Rev. James A. Ayars/Ayar, 1973-1974; Church Elder Hal Rutherford, minister, 1975-1976; Rev. J.L. Story, 1977-1980; Rev. Michael D. Conley, 1981-1982; Rev. Kenneth Williams, 1984-1987; Rev. David R. Stunkard, 1988; Rev. Paul J. Cameron, 1989-1991; Rev. Tom Gebhardt, 1992-1996.

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The **Seventh Day Adventist Church** was first listed at **614 Carpenter Avenue** in **1959** and was probably constructed sometime between 1946 and that date. The house to the right was the parsonage. In **1997** it was first listed as the **New Hope Church of God**. [Mapquest Photo]

From 1997 to 1999 Rev. Bob Cianci, pastor of the New Hope Church of God, resided here.

In **2000 Rebecca L. Angeloff** lived at this address.

History of 614: The first listing for this address appears in 1959 as the site of the **Seventh Day Adventist Church** which remained through 1996.

The church was probably constructed sometime after 1946 when there was no listing for this address and 1959.

The various ministers are listed as residing in the parsonage above at 612 Carpenter Avenue.

In 1997 and 1998 the New Hope Church of God, with Bob Cianci serving as pastor, was listed at this address.

There was no listing for this address in 1999 and 2000.

New Hope Church was established in Iron Mountain in 1994. The congregation turned New Hope Church into a Mission Forward Church, relaunching a new church mission and vision along with a new name, Strong Tower Church, on August 8, 2021.

History of 700: William Oliver, a machinist, and Martha Oliver lived here in 1892-1894.

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Edward Eaton, a laborer, was located at this address in 1902-1903. Edward H. Eaton was still living here in 1907-1908 with his wife Abbie L. Eaton.

In 1913 Harrison G. Robey, resident engineer for the Peninsula Power Company, lived here with his wife Orra Robey.

Emil Adolph Croll (1862-xxxx), the manager of the **City Water Works**, resided here with his wife **Emma Croll**.

In **1935** Emmerson D. Spencer (1906-1985), a laborer, and his wife Alvina E. (Peterson) Spencer (1909-2012), lived at this address.

There was no listing for this address in 1939, but in the 1941-1942 city directory the New Home Sewing Machine, Joseph Henry Thomas (1866-1944), owner, was located here.

In **1946 John B. Lloyd** resided at this address.

There was no listing for this address from 1959 through 2000.

History of 704: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1913.

By **1925 Arthur Chapman**, a clerk at the **A. Sackim Company** at 329-331 South Stephenson Avenue, resided here with his wife **Florence Chapman**.

There was no listing for this address from 1935 through 2000.

History of 706: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925.

Mrs. Carrie L. Vellenett operated a wholesale confectionery shop at this location in 1935, and also resided here with her husband George Vellenett, a salesman for their wholesale confectionery business. The Vellenetts were still listed at this location continuing their respective occupations in the 1939 and 1941-1942 city directories.

By **1946** Miller's Plumbing & Heating (Henry R. Miller, proprietor) [probably Henry Myers "Hank" Miller (1923-1994)] conducted business at this address.

There was no listing for this address from 1959 through 2000.

History of 708: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925.

By 1935 Mrs. Catherine Betzler operated a grocery store at this location, and also resided here with her husband Joseph Betzler, a meat cutter. People's Food Store, Joseph Betzler, proprietor, continued to operate here in 1939, and was still listed at this address with Joseph Betzler listed as the manager of People's Food Store in the 1941-1942 city directory.

By 1946 People's Food Store was owned by Domenic Anthony Badini (1913-1994). The 1959 listing showed People's Super Market, owned by Domenic and Mrs. Josephine (Moroni) Badini (1915-1995). They were married in 1936.

From 1961 through 1972 People's Super Market, Inc. listed officers Domenic Badini, president, and Mrs. Josephine M. Badini, secretary-treasurer.

From 1973 through 1977 officers for People's Super Market, Inc., were Dominic A. Badini, president, and Herman F. "Buck" Munday (1929-2009), vice-president.

From 1978 through 1982 officers for People's Super Market, Inc., were: Richard Terry "Dick" Cerasoli (1943-2003), president; Herman F. Munday, vice-president; Mrs. Charlene Marie "Sheri" (DeMeuse) Cesasoli (1944-xxxx), secretary; Arlyce May (Behnke) Munday (1929-2019), treasurer.

From 1984 through 1989 officers for People's Super Market, Inc., were: Richard T. Cerasoli, president; David A.

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"Dave" Munday, vice-president; Charlene M. Cesasoli, secretary; Arlyce Munday, treasurer.

From 1990 through 1999 officers for People's Super Market, Inc., were David A. Munday, president, and Arlyce Munday, secretary-treasurer.

In **2000** David Munday was listed as president of **People's Super Market**.

History of 710: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925.

Milo Edgar Hansen (1896-1965), proprietor of Dickinson County Motors, was a "Dealer For Hudson and Terraplane Motor Cars" at this address by 1935, and also did "General Automobile Repairing." There was no change in business, location or ownership in the listings in the 1939 and 1941-1942 city directories.

By 1946 Milo E. Hansen operated Dickinson County Motors – Hudson Garage. By 1959 through 1961 Dickinson County Motors, still owned by Milo E. Hansen, dealt in Rambler Motor Cars, as well as "used cars and new, automobile repairs."

By 1963 through 1966 Albert Anthony "Al" Masty (1923-2009) and Mrs. Kathleen M. Girard [Kathleen M. (Girard) Masty (1925-2003) were owners of Dickinson County Motors, dealing in Rambler and Dodge automobiles, sales and service and automobile repairs. Al and Kathleen married in 1946. According to his obituary, Al Masty purchased Dickinson County Motors in 1958.

In 1967 Rambler Sales and Service were advertised with automobile repairs and by 1969 through 1971 Rambler and Jeep Sales and Service were listed. From 1972 through 1976 American Motors and Jeep Sales and Service were offered.

Dickinson County Motors, Inc., was operated by Albert A. Masty, president,

and **Gary Proudfit**, vice-president, from 1977 through 1981, advertising **American Motors and Jeep** sales and service, Home of the Guaranteed cars, automobile repairs.

From 1982 through 1985 Gary Proudfit, president, operated Dickinson County Motors, Inc., advertising American Motors, Jeep and Renault sales and service, Home of the Guaranteed Cars, automobile repairs.

In 1986 this address was listed as "vacant."

In 1987 and 1988 St. George Glass Company, Division of Hoffer's Inc.-Wausau, operated at this location with Thomas J. Bugni (1942-2025), manager.

From 1989 through 1992 St. George Glass Company, Division of Hoffer's Inc.-Wausau, continued to operate at this location with Lavern A. Reigel, manager.

From 1993 through 2000 Steven Zurcher, owner-manager, operated St. George Glass Company, Inc., at this location. In 2000 Steven Zurcher was listed as president of the company.

History of 714: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1894 through 1925.

Henry J. Bell (1873-1965) and his wife Myrtle E. (Williams) Bell (1882-1951) lived here in 1935.

Joseph Betzler, proprietor of People's Food Store, lived here with his wife Katherine Betzler in 1939 and they were still residing at this address in 1941-1942, when Joseph Betzler was listed as manager of People's Food Store.

By **1946 Edward Trudell** resided at this address.

By **1959 Milo Edgar Hansen** (1896-1965) operated **Dickinson County Motors** at this location.

From **1961 through 1973 Domenic Anthony Badini** (1913-1994) and **Josephine (Moroni) Badini** (1915-1995),

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owners of **People's Super Market**, are listed at this address. They married in **1936**.

In 1974 and 1975 this address was listed as "vacant."

In **1976 Edward K. Taliaferro** resided here.

There was no return in 1977 and no further listing from 1978 through 1996.

In **1997 Rhonda M. Zawada** operated the **Wolff Tanning Salon** here.

In 1998 and 1999 Julie's Top Hat Dance Studio occupied this location, but was listed at 724 Carpenter Avenue in 1999.

There was no listing for this address in **2000**.

History of 724: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1994 through 1998.

In 1999 and 2000 Julie's Top Hat Dance Studio, owned by Julie Zawada, was located here.

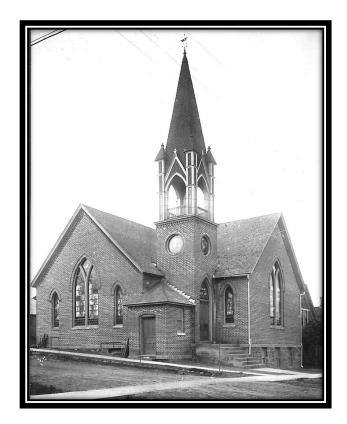
History of 728: There was no listing for this address from 1892-1994 through 1996.

From 1997 through 2000 Avenue Designers, a beauty salon, was operated by Rhonda M. Zawada at this location. In 2000 Jackie Bonetti was also listed as residing here.

History of 808 Carpenter Avenue – Trinity Methodist Church:

On June 3, 1907, the cornerstone for the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church [pictured below], located at 118 West Brown Street on the northeast corner of West Brown Street and Carpenter Avenue, was laid. The new church was dedicated June 14, 1908, and this photograph probably dates to about that time. In November 1939 the church's name was changed to the Wesley Methodist Church. This building, vacant

for many years, was razed under the direction of the Dickinson County Land Bank Authority on **November 1, 2023**. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]



The Central Methodist Episcopal Church, located at 112 West B Street in Iron Mountain, was dedicated May 26, 1889, and was destroyed by fire on Wednesday, January 5, 1944.

Parishioners of the **Central Methodist Episcopal Church** began meeting for Sunday services at the **Wesley Methodist Church**. Talks between the trustees of the two churches began days after the fire to discuss future plans.

On August 11, 1944, the members of the Wesley Methodist Church and the Central Methodist Episcopal Church voted to merge their memberships, properties and finances to form a new congregation to be

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known as the **Trinity Methodist Church**. On **September 17, 1944**, Bishop Raymond J. Wade confirmed the merger and dated it back to **June 1, 1944**.

On March 11, 1945, the Rev. S.D. Kinde was authorized to appoint a committee to undertake the raising of \$65,000 to build a new church.

The Central Methodist Church property at 112 West B Street was sold to **Abe Jacobs** on **April 14, 1945**. That summer the **Wesley Methodist Church** parsonage was sold for \$2,100.

On April 2, 1950, the church board voted to purchase two lots at the northwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West E Street for \$3,500 as a site for a new church. Alfred H. Siewert, architect, met with the building committee to discuss plans for the new church two days later. On May 7, 1950, the architect presented preliminary plans to key members of all of the church's organizations. On January 18, 1951, Architect Siewert presented revised plans.



On February 7, 1954, the new Trinity Methodist Church, 808 Carpenter Avenue, Iron Mountain, held its first worship service. This postcard view was probably taken shortly thereafter. [William J. Cummings]

On March 21, 1952, general bids on the new church were opened.

On June 19, 1952, the lots on Carpenter Avenue and West E Street were cleaned by members of the Men's Club.

In **September 1952** the congregation voted to start construction of the new church with 47 members in favor and 7 members opposed. The groundbreaking ceremony was held **October 12, 1952**.

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On **February 2**, **1953** trustees were authorized to sell the old Trinity Church, formerly the Wesley Methodist Church, on the northeast corner of Carpenter Avenue and West Brown Street "at such a time as they deemed it advisable."

On April 12, 1953, Bishop Marshall R. Reed laid the cornerstone of the new Trinity Methodist Church.

On July 18, 1953, the old Trinity Methodist Church property on the northeast corner of Carpenter Avenue and West Brown Street was sold to the Assembly of God Church.

On **December 21, 1953**, \$4,000 was received from the Division of Home Missions and Extension of the Methodist Church to be used toward the new church.

On January 31, 1954, the last service was held in the old Trinity Methodist Church. On February 7, 1954, the opening service was held in the new Trinity Methodist Church.

History of 900 Block of Carpenter Avenue – Lincoln School: The Lincoln School, located on the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue [900 block] and West F Street, was completed in 1896. Miss Agnes Bolan was the first principal of the school.

An article in the **March 18, 1896** edition of Iron Mountain's *The Range-Tribune* reported:

The new school house now under construction by the board of education will likely be erected in the fifth ward and on Carpenter av. It will be a brick, eight room building, but only the lower rooms will be finished this year. The building will cost between \$8,000 and \$10,000.

An article in the **April 18, 1896** edition of Iron Mountain's *The Range-Tribune* under the headline *That New School Building* announced:

The board of education has finally decided to accept the plans of **Architect** Clancey [sic – Clancy] for the new eightroom school building to be erected this summer on the corner of Carpenter ave. and West F street. It will be built be built [sic] of brick and will be a handsome new building. The board is now investigating the best method of heating and ventilating and will spare no expense to secure the perfect system.

An article in the May 16, 1896 edition of Iron Mountain's *The Range-Tribune* under the headline *Contract Let.* announced:

The Board of Education have [sic – has] let the contract to **Robt. Meyers** to build the new school house in the 5th ward authorized by voters at last Monday's election, for \$9,975. It is to be an 8-room building, with only four rooms finished, the remaining four rooms to be finished as they are required.

The same edition of *The Range-Tribune* also noted: **Ed. Harvey** commenced yesterday hauling stone for the foundation for the new school house on Carpenter avenue.

An article in the May 30, 1896 edition of Iron Mountain's *The Range-Tribune* reported:

Contractor **Robt. Meyer** has commenced in earnest upon his contract to erect the new school building on Carpenter avenue and will push it along as fast as circumstances will permit. The weather the past week has not been very favorable for out door [sic – outdoor] work, but the material for the foundation is being hauled to the site of the building, and the work is progressing as fast as possible.

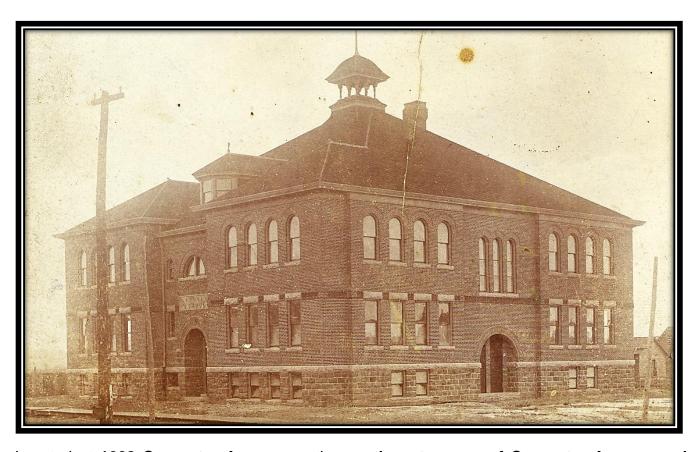
An article in the **June 6**, **1896** edition of Iron Mountain's *The Range-Tribune* noted:

Robt. Meyer has sublet the contract for the brick work on the Carpenter avenue

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school building to **Golueke Bros.**, of Green Bay, and **Henry Neumann** of this city, for

\$3,000.



Located at 1008 Carpenter Avenue on the southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West F Street, this view of the Lincoln School, designed by Architect J.E. Clancy, was probably taken at about the time construction was completed in 1896. The two-story brick structure contained eight classrooms, but only the first-floor classrooms were completed initially. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]

An article in the **June 21, 1900** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* under the headline **Lincoln School Improvements.** reported:

At a regular meeting of the Board of Education held last Friday the contract for the completion of the **Lincoln school** was let to **Parmelee & Son**. The contract price was \$2,455, which includes carpenter work, steam fitting, plumbing, etc. Three rooms are to be finished, sufficient to accommodate over a hundred pupils.

An item in the **August 23**, **1900** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* noted:

Parmelee & Son completed the remainder of the rooms in the Lincoln school, and the job is one that reflects credit upon their all ready [sic – already] wide reputation as artists in wood. The fitting up of the rooms will permit the attendance of an additional sixty pupils at this building.

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This undated winter view of the **Lincoln School**, located **1008 Carpenter Avenue** at the **southwest corner of Carpenter Avenue and West F Street**, initially contained eight classrooms. In **1925** an addition was made to the structure which included a gymnasium. [Menominee Range Historical Museum]

A lengthy article in the **September 1, 1910** edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* included a listing of teachers by school. The following were to teach at the Lincoln School for the 1910-1911 school year:

Lincoln School – Simon R. Anderson, principal, seventh grade, Lulu Dillon, sixth, Josephine Dillon, fifth, Claire Maris, fourth, Nellie Berwald, third, Ruby Fuhrman, second, Viola Pelunck, first, Tessie Feeley, primer.

A similar article in the August 27, 1914 edition of the *Iron Mountain Press* listed the following staff for the LINCOLN BUILDING: Mary Skillen, Principal, Seventh; Georgiana Tyler, Sixth; Gladys Cox, Fifth; Alphild Carlson, Fourth; Nellie Lynch,

Third; Agnes Swanson, Second; Anna Hallberg, First; Eva Gordon, Primer.



The above advertisement appeared in the Bunn & Simmons' Iron Mountain City Directory, 1892-94.